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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXXV NO. 59 BOMBAY: TUESDAY, MARCH 11, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

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NEW VICEROY TO START ON 'CLEAN SLATE'

Formal Resignation Of Interim Govt.

WHITEHALL DIRECTIVES TO MOUNTBATTEN

No Truck With Intransigent Muslim League

LONDON, March 10. (U. P.A.): Viscount Mountbatten's first move as Viceroy would be to call for a formal resignation of India's Interim Government, it was learned from authoritative sources to-day, radios Harold Guard, United Press of America staff correspondent.

This move would be carried out under the British Government's directive, but it was understood it was initiated by Mountbatten who typically stressed it was essential to start "with a clean slate".

NEXT STEPS

The second move would be to reappoint the Interim Government ministers, and while reappointing the Muslim League nominees Mountbatten would make their reinstatement conditional upon participation in the Constituent Assembly.

The third move would be the calling of a conference of all provincial Governors to acquaint them with the British Government's directives and to obtain their views on the internal situation.

The British Government's directives regarding the scope of the Interim Government would be based largely on Mr. Leopold Amery's concept as outlined in an exclusive interview with the United Press of America last year.

DOMINION STATUS

Amery said the Interim Government should function as other Dominion Governments do in relation to the British Government. It was recalled that this concept was commended by Pandit Nehru who, while asserting that he had never agreed with Amery, said, "I certainly agree with him on this point".

The British Government would be chary about moving legislation in this respect and it was understood they would prefer that such an arrangement should be effected through a "gentlemen's agreement" which Mountbatten would spare no effort to foster.

NO DIVISION OF INDIA

The cardinal principle behind the British Government's directives would be an earnest desire to avoid the dissection of India. This was made clear by Foreign Minister Ernest Bevin in a public speech at a India House dinner in honour of Indian Ambassador to Washington, Asaf Ali. At this dinner Lord Pethick Lawrence and Lord Listowel both seconded Bevin with obvious accord.

Mountbatten was reported to be working "extremely long hours" at the India Office and was said to be "quite confident" of his task in India.

DRAMATIC DEVELOPMENTS EXPECTED

LONDON, March 10 (PA): Although the India Office is secretive, quarters intimate with Whitehall believe that the Congress resolution about the Viceroy's constitutional position during the transition period is in line with the Labour Government's directives to Lord Louis Mountbatten.

Political circles here are expecting dramatic developments and believe that if the Congress efforts to appease the League fail due to the latter's intransigence, Lord Louis Mountbatten may force the issue by asking the League Ministers in the Interim Government to resign even if that means the formal resignation of the whole Interim Government.

Whitehall circles argue that though the latest Government statement envisages transfer of power to more than one authority, the Cabinet is still reluctant to divide India because of overriding defence considerations.

Only Communist circles are critical of the recent developments in India and argue that recent events indicate that the Congress is selling the pass in exchange for British promise of help against possible external aggression.

CHUNDRIGAR DENIES IT

NEW DELHI, March 10. (A.P.I.): Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, Commerce Member, Interim Government, in a statement says: "An 'A. P. I.' correspondent telephoned me while I was in Bombay and asked me for an interview either on H.M.G.'s statement of February 20 or the resolution of the Congress Working Committee. I declined to say anything on either of these two subjects, as I considered that they were serious matters requiring the consideration of the Muslim League Working Committee.

The correspondent came to the aerodrome and I again declined to give any interview. The account that has appeared in the press purporting to quote me seems to be made up of snatches of informal conversation between me and some League friends who had come to see me off at the aerodrome. In no sense can this be regarded as an interview given by me."

The "Associated Press of India" desires to state in this connection that its correspondent met Mr. Chundrigar at the aerodrome before his departure for Delhi, and had a talk with him.

Consembly For Mysore

State Congress Demands Immediate Steps For Reforms

BANGALORE, Mar. 10 (API): The Working Committee of the Mysore State Congress, in a resolution passed today on Mr. Attlee's latest statement stated that the impending disappearance of paramountcy made the immediate establishment of Responsible Government in the States imperative to censure good Government.

The Committee urged the need for the States to participate in the Constituent Assembly and demanded that Mysore should take immediate steps to send her elected representatives to the Constituent Assembly. Any transitional arrangement that Mysore may make with the Crown without the consent of the people would have to be repudiated if it was harmful to the interests of the people.

The Committee stated that constitutional reforms in the State should be entrusted to a Constituent Assembly elected by representatives of the people, the procedure adopted by the Dewan being "archaic and undemocratic".

ABDUL MAJID'S PLEA FOR STRONG CENTRE

KARACHI, March 10. (A.P.I.): Sheikh Abdul Majid, Leader of the Progressive Muslim Jamait, while welcoming the Congress decision to invite Muslim League representatives for a joint conference, expresses the opposition of his Party to any plan to partition provinces, and urges the need for a strong Union Centre with Hindus and Muslims as equal partners under joint electorate.

In a statement, Sheikh Abdul Majid says that the proposal of the Progressive Muslim Jamait for a round table conference has been accepted by the Congress Working Committee which has invited representatives of the Muslim League to meet representatives of the Congress to consider the situation arising out of the British Premier's latest declaration. This offer does afford an equitable basis for amicable understanding.

He adds: "Our Party does not believe in any partition, whether of provinces, unless it be for linguistic purposes, or of India, on any basis. A United India will unite Asia and the whole world, and a divided India, apart from dividing the Indian provinces and Indian Muslims into several parts will divide Asia and the world into mutually antagonastic, political and economic units.

HINDUS & MUSLIMS AS EQUAL PARTNERS

Hindus and Muslims should work under a system of joint electorates as equal partners in a strong and common Indian Centre, Sheikh Abdul Majid says.

Signing the Anglo-French Treaty of Alliance at Dunkirk by Mr. Ernest Bevin and M. Bidault.

FREE HAND FOR KRIPALANI TO TACKLE MADRAS CRISIS

Prakasam Hands Resignation Of Himself And Cabinet To Congress President

MADRAS, March 10 (API): Acharya Kripalani, Congress President, told Pressmen today that Mr. T. Prakasam, Premier, had placed in his hands the resignations of himself and his colleagues in the Ministry.

Asked whether the resignations were to be considered as final, the Congress President replied in the affirmative and said: "Why has he (Prakasam) resigned? Because he does not command a majority in the Congress Legislature Party.

Mr. Prakasam, it is stated, has taken this step to give the Congress President a free hand to settle the ministerial controversy in whatever way he liked.

Asked whether he had called for a meeting of the Madras Congress Legislature Party, Mr. Kripalani said that he had not so far given such advice.

The President added that he would be very happy if the Party was united and worked together.

Asked what step he was taking to reconcile the opposing groups, Mr. Kripalani said that he had left the initiative to the groups concerned. His business was over, with suggesting that there should be unity. Any proposal for compromise should be evolved by those concerned. He would try to reconcile them, but he would not impose unity or reconciliation upon them. He had not suggested any formula of his own for a settlement. He had only told th parties that he would like a union of all groups. They had not yet come together with a common formula and met him. He hoped they would do so before long.

Sir A. Lakshmanswami Mudaliar, speaking on the Budget in the Madras Legislative Council (Upper House) today, appealed to the Premier, Mr. Prakasam, to take advantage of the present opportunity to reshuffle the Madras Cabinet and advise the Congress President, now in Madras, to make a gesture to the political parties in India by setting up a Coalition Cabinet in the province.

Opposition Leaders Meet Kripalani

U.P.I. adds:

Mr. K. Kamaraja Nadar, President of the Tamil Nad Congress Committee Mr. K. Kelappan, President of the Kerala Congress Committee, Dr. T. S. S. Rajan representing the Rajaji Group, Mr. O. P. Ramaswami Reddiar, Mr. Gopala Reddi, ex-Minister, Mr. Madhava Menon and Mr. Konda Venkatappiah met Acharya Kripalani today.

It is understood that Acharya Kripalani has asked important members of the different sections to submit lists of names for the new Ministry to him.

A section of the Andhra legislators have suggested reconstitution of the Ministry with Mr. T. Prakasam himself as Premier and with five Ministers from Andhra, seven from Tamil Nad, one from Kerala and one from Karnataka. Of these one will be a Christian, one lady and one Harijan.

It transpires that this formula was acceptable to Mr. Prakasam and his supporters as also to a number of those who supported the no-confidence motion and it is now being discussed.

STOP PRESS

U. S. LOAN TO GREECE

WASHINGTON March 10, (A.P.A.): President Truman will speak to a joint session of Congress at noon on Wednesday in favour of the American loan to Greece.

ATTEMPT ON LIFE OF ROXAS

MANILA, March 10, (A.P.A.): An attempt was made to assassinate the President of the Philippines, Senor Manuel Roxas, today when a hand grenade was thrown on to a platform where he had just finished speaking.

ITALIAN PREMIER RECEIVES KRISHNA MENON

ROME, March 10, (A.P.A.): Premier Alcide De Gasperi today received Pandit Nehru's personal representative V. K. Krishna Menon. Foreign Office sources would not comment on the meeting beyond saying that the two had a "cordial talk."

ASSAM LEAGUE LEADER ARRESTED

SHILLONG, March 10, (A.P.I.): Maulana Abdul Hamid Khan, President of the Assam Provincial Muslim League, was today arrested at Tejpur where an order under Section 144 has since been imposed.

BRITISH NOT TO YUGOSLAVIA

LONDON, March 10, (U.P.A.): A Foreign Office spokesman said today that Britain sent a note to the Yugoslav Government protesting against the seizure of ten Italian merchant ships.

The note was sent on February 18 but no reply has thus far been received.

SOVIET SURPRISE

MOSCOW, March 10, (U.P.A.): Soviet Foreign Commissar Molotov in a surprise move today proposed to add the Chinese situation to the agenda of the Council of Foreign Ministers.

INTER-ASIAN CONFERENCE

Iranian Delegation's Arrival In Delhi

NEW DELHI, March 10 (API): The Iranian Delegation led by His Excellency Ali Ashgar Hekmet, ex-Minister of Education, arrived here today by a special plane to attend the Inter-Asian Conference which starts here on March 23. The Delegation includes Dr. Mehdi Bayami, Honorary Secretary, Indo-Iranian Cultural Society, Princess Sasiyeh Firouz, Dr. Mustaf Rabi, Finance Minister, Mr. Mughtakgri, Labour Minister and Dr. G. H. Siddiqi of the Teheran University.

They were received at the Willingdon aerodrome by the Iranian Consul-General in Delhi, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and representatives of the External Affairs Department, Government of India.

His Excellency Ali Ashgar Hekmet, Leader of the Delegation, said that he knew India well and he was pleased to be here to renew his old relations with his numerous friends.

Polish-Czech Pact Signed

PRAGUE, March 10 (Reuter): A 20-year Polish-Czech Treaty of Alliance by which both countries agree to "take all measures possible to avert any threat of attack by Germany or any State allied with her" was signed in Warsaw.

'Big Four' Faced With No Easy Tasks

MOLOTOV OPENS MOSCOW CONFERENCE

U. S. Plans For Four-Power 40-Year-Treaty

MOSCOW, March 10. (Reuter): The first meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers in Moscow broke up today at 6.40 p.m. (Moscow Time).

The meeting agreed to adopt the six-point Confetence agenda which was adopted in New York last December, and to deal with the items on the agenda as they stand. This means that Austria will be considered last.

The "Big Four" Foreign Ministers' Conference opened today at (2.00 p.m. (G. M. T.) (7.30 p.m. I. S. T.) in the Aviation Club building.

FOUR-POWER 40-YEAR-TREATY

Earlier, Mr. George Marshall, the United States Secretary of State, told a press conference that he would continue the efforts of his predecessor, Mr. James F. Byrnes, for a four-power 40-year-treaty to keep Germany disarmed and demilitarised. My text to start off with comes from the Potsdam agreement and the terms enunciated by Mr. Byrnes in his Stuttgart speech," he added.

Conference Without Ceremonies

Amid a swirling snowstorm, the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers conference opened in Moscow this afternoon, with a handful of curious spectators in attendance.

There was a complete lack of ceremony, and it was apparent that the Russian intention was to impress upon everyone "the business-like" character of the conference. The only decoration was two sets of small flags of the four nations hung on each side of the door to the street. The scene contrasted sharply with the pageantry of Paris and the colour of New York.

General George C. Marshall, with U. S. Ambassador, W. Bedell Smith, was the first to arrive. He was followed by M. Georges Bidault, the French Foreign Minister.

The Russian Minister, M. V. M. Molotov, and his Deputy, M. Andrei Vyshinsky, arrived together, and were apparently the only ones of the "Big Four" group recognised by the spectators, who broke into loud cheers and hand-clapping, which Molotov acknowledged with a curt nod.

The last to arrive was Britain's Foreign Minister, Ernest Bevin, who passed almost unnoticed between a few policemen who were stationed to keep back the crowd which was not there.

General Mark Clark, American Deputy for Austria, was among the early arrivals.

NO EASY TASK

LONDON, March 10. U.P.A.): Radio Moscow said that Soviet Foreign Minister Molotov opened the Big Four meeting in Moscow to-day with the warning that the conference was faced "by no easy tasks".

In a short opening address, according to the broadcast, Molotov said the preparatory work towards the German and Austrian treaties done in London and Berlin was "great and useful". The Foreign Ministers have the "necessary materials and recommendations" to write the treaties, he added.

Molotov greeted the heads of the United States, British and French delegations in the name of the Soviet Government. "We have secured a sound basis for common work and, first and foremost, was the decision on Germany agreed upon at the conferences of the Allies. Our representatives in London and the Control Council in Germany to whom we entrusted the preparatory work on the German and Austrian questions have done great and useful work and have presented for our consideration the necessary materials and recommendations."

Bevin replying, thanked Molotov for the Soviet reception and suggested he accept the chairmanship of the meeting.

Marshall and Bidault seconded the suggestion, and Molotov accepted.

Molotov said he hoped "that in its further course the Council of Foreign Ministers will adhere to the procedure of alternative chairmanship."

The broadcast said the Council "then decided upon organizational questions and went over to the order of the day."

LATEST BAZAR QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 10 9 P.M.

	Rs.
Cotton May	447 8
Silver Chamber Vaishakh	158 4
Silver Bullion Ready	166 8
Silver Bullion Fagan	160 12
Silver Bullion Vaishakh	156 0
Gold Bullion Ready	108 0
Gold Bullion Fagan	105 8
Gold Bullion Vaishakh	102 8

A meeting of the Board of the Bullion Exchange was held today evening where the highest rates was fixed as under for a period of two weeks:—

	Rs.
Silver Fagan	163 0
Gold Fagan	106 0
Silver Vaishakh	156 0
Gold Vaishakh	103 0
Silver Chamber	159 12

The meeting also fixed the dates of delivery as under:—

2, 3, 4 and 5 for the delivery of Silver Fagan and 1, 2 and 3 for the delivery of Gold.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON MAY

New York, March 10.

Previous Closing	34.18
Today's Opening	34.20
Difference	+02
Today's Closing	34.61
Difference	4-43

IMPERIAL PREFERENCES

London Talks To Discuss Its Future: Attempt To Produce Common Policy

LONDON, March 10 (Reuter): The future of Imperial Preferences will figure largely in the talks beginning in London tomorrow between delegations from Britain, the Dominions, India, Burma, Ceylon and other parts of the Empire. They will give a clearer and more up-to-date reaction to the strong moves principally from the United States for a considerable reduction or elimination of these preferential tariffs as part of a world trade plan.

The talks will be exploratory, leaving back a country free to act as it sees fit at Geneva where the second session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Employment opens on April 10. An attempt to produce a common policy there will only be made, it was suggested, if tomorrow's talks show virtual unanimity. If divergencies are shown, the Delegations will agree to differ.

The talks will be strictly private.

U.P.A. Adds:

Official sources indicated that any modifications of the present Empire Preference System would be made conditional upon proportionate concessions by non-Empire countries, particularly on the part of the United States.

An Exchange of views on the subject of Imperial Preferences the most important item on the agenda of the London discussions has been in progress for some time between Whitehall and the Dominions. So far no common policy has been established on this issue.

Strong warnings have come from various quarters against the abolition of Empire Preferences. The Empire Industries Association has demanded even further strengthening of Imperial Preferences.

It was understood that the question of the settlement of sterling balances with India and the Near East would not be included in the London talks for the time being.

Rebuilding Britain's Battered Economy

LONDON, March 10. (Reuter): Two important changes in the economic planning of British industry were announced by Sir Stafford Cripps when opening the three-day debate on Britain's "Economic Budget" in the House of Commons today.

The first is strengthening of the staff for economic planning and the second an arrangement for ensuring the co-operation of industry in the planning organisation.

In future, each Government Department concerned with industry would have a whole-time planning staff under a senior officer charged with special responsibilities, Sir Stafford Cripps said.

Government had also decided to strengthen inter-departmental planning by the appointment of a joint planning staff somewhat on lines developed in the joint war production staff. There would be a new appointment of a full-time Executive Head of the inter-departmental planning staff, who would need a small picked staff of persons with programming experience and secretariat. There were cheers when Sir Stafford Cripps added that the man selected for this job would need to be of very special experience and attainments.

The functions of this inter-departmental staff, he said, would cover the whole field of forward planning, but it would also be specially concerned with reviewing the rest of the programme of 1947.

Government would suggest to various organisations on both sides of the industry that there should be a small board representative of Government's planning staff and of both sides of industry which should meet from time to time to follow the development of the plan. Industry must be brought into the planning process at an early stage Sir Stafford said, and must have before them the facts which Government Departments had at their disposal.

These arrangements, said Sir Stafford, would be calculated to ensure strong direction from the Centre where it was needed without interference with departmental responsibilities and also ensure the co-operation of industry in the organisation for central planning.

The United Press of America adds:

Cripps, with a review of the economic results of six years of total war, pointed out that housing shortage and the inability to equip Britain's industry were "part of the price we willingly paid for victory."

Speaking in his crisp sharply articulated schoolmaster style, Cripps said: "During the war our exports were cut to the bone and at the end of the war we contented ourselves with exports which could hardly pay for one-third of our then reduced imports."

Referring to the lines of credit from the United States and Canada and pointing out that 42 per cent of Britain's imports presently come from hard currency, Cripps said: "In addition to the deficiency in the general balance of payments, there is a special and much greater deficiency in our dollar balances—another direct effect of our work for victory."

He then turned to the between-the-wars period and traced Britain's failure to re-equip its industries and its disastrous unemployment period.

NO MATTER FOR SURPRISE.

Peering over his gold-rimmed glasses and gripping the edge of a blue dispatch box, Cripps said evenly to the Opposition benches opposite. "It is not, therefore, any matter for surprise that we should emerge from the Second World War, which was both longer in its operation and more intense in its dislocations than the first, with a more battered and distorted economy and one for which ineffective palliatives that were tried during the interim period would be even less effective."

Like a glowering lion Churchill strode to the Conservative bench as Cripps began to deal with economic planning.

Cripps emphasized the wide difference between "totalitarian planning" and "democratic planning", and said the Government must be careful to confine its policy to the latter.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN STERLING TALKS

CAIRO, March 10 (Reuter): The Egyptian Government will accept no scaling down of her sterling balances, "Journal Egype" said today.

The newspaper quoted Abdul Maguid Badr Pasha, the Egyptian Finance Minister, as saying with regard to the recent Anglo-Egyptian sterling talks "I have accepted none of the British proposals and insist on our full rights. I shall accept no scaling down of these balances which total £446,000,000".

PUBLIC NOTICES

THE OSMANSHAHI MILLS, LIMITED.
(Incorporated in Hyderabad-Dn.)
NOTICE

THE TRANSFER TEMPORARY RECEIPT No. 90 of the 7th October 1946, in respect of 10 share certificates Nos. 44249/53 and 42402/406 of the above Company issued in the name of Mr. Siddick Haji Abdullah of Bombay is reported to have been lost or misplaced. Any person having claim to the said receipt should notify to the Company within a fortnight after which the relative share certificates will be delivered to the party.

C. S. TYABJEE,
Managing Agent,
For the Industrial Trust Fund, Secretaries, Treasurers and Agents, H. E. H. the Nizam's Government.

Hyderabad-Dn.
Dated 28th January, 1947.
(5169)

THE GREAT SOCIAL LIFE & GENERAL ASSURANCE LTD.
Sir P. M. Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
NOTICE

POLICYHOLDERS of this Company are hereby informed that as only three applications have been received for the three vacancies of Policyholders' Directors on the Board, within the time prescribed for submitting such applications, the necessity of holding a meeting for an election under Section 43 does not arise. The policy-holders' Meeting announced to be held on Wednesday, the 30th April, 1947 for the said election is, therefore, hereby cancelled.

The following persons are hereby declared elected in pursuance of Rule 14 (3) of Insurance Rules, 1939:—

(1) Raosaheb P. I. Patil, Savda.
(2) Raosaheb V. H. Patil, Savda.
(3) Mr. V. S. Surve, Bombay.

By order of the
Board of Directors,
P. T. THACKER,
Life Manager.

Bombay, 8th March, 1947.
2474

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from female candidates of all communities to fill a temporary post of Professor of Economics, Eden High School for Girls', Dacca in the Bengal Educational Service (Women's Branch). Pay—Rs. 150 (fixed) per month in the Women's Branch of the Bengal Educational Service. Qualifications—A candidate must possess a first class Master's degree in Economics of an Indian University or a good Honours degree of a British University. Research work and experience in teaching will be additional qualifications. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November, 1946, provided that the form used is of the size, and shows exactly the wording and spacing, of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in handwriting and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own handwriting. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 31st March, 1947.

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Muslim candidates to fill a temporary post of Anaesthetist at the Campbell Hospital, Calcutta on Rs. 150 per month. Age—must not be over 45 years on 1st April, 1947. Qualifications—A candidate must be a medical graduate with special training and experience in modern methods of anaesthesia. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November, 1946, provided that the form used is of the size, and shows exactly the wording and spacing, of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in handwriting and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own handwriting. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 29th March, 1947.

(2469)

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL
PUBLIC NOTICE

ALL LICENCES for import of goods other than Capital Goods and Heavy Electrical Plants, i.e. all licences other than those marked C G., C.G.P.W. and H.E.P., which have been issued as valid up to the end of December, 1947 will be valid to cover shipment of goods only up to the end of June 1947. They will expire on the 30th June, 1947 and will require individual revalidation thereafter for which applications should be made to the licensing authorities concerned in accordance with a separate Public Notice to be issued in June, 1947.

2. Licences suffixed or prefixed C.G., C.G.P.W. and H.E.P. will, however, be valid to cover shipment up to the period specified in the licences.

M. H. MAHMOOD,
Dy. Chief Controller of Imports.
Arya, Bhavan, Graham Road,
Bombay, the 10th March, 1947.
2466

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
TENDER NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the work of Construction of an additional floor over the Chowkidar's quarters at G Ward Office, DeLisle Road, returnable on the 19th March, 1947, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.).

Tender forms containing directions to tenderers can be had at Rs. 5/- per copy from the Office of the Special Engineer, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

By order of the
MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONER.
2475

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, BENGAL

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from male Anglo-Indian or European candidates to fill a temporary vacancy in the post of Geography Master at the Victoria Boys' School, Kurseong. Pay—Rs. 350-600 plus usual dearness allowance. He will be provided with free and moderately furnished quarters. A higher initial pay of Rs. 410/- per month may be granted provided the candidate has previous experience of at least four or five years. Age—must not be over 35 years on 1st April, 1947. The age limit may be relaxed in the case of a candidate, who possesses superior qualifications and experience. QUALIFICATIONS:—A candidate must be a British subject: must hold an Honours degree in Geography: subsidiary Latin will count as an additional qualification: must possess a teaching diploma or degree and have had experience in teaching Geography up to the Senior Cambridge Standard. Athletic and musical qualifications will be taken into account. Full details and application forms may be obtained from the Office of the Public Service Commission, Bengal, Anderson House, Alipore, Calcutta, personally or on sending an addressed envelope with a nine pies stamp affixed. They will not be supplied on receipt of mere stamps. Candidates who are unable to obtain copies of the prescribed form may apply on any printed or typed form, a sample of which was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 21st November 1946 provided that the form used is of the size and shows exactly the wording and spacing of the sample form, that the words of the sample are not reproduced in handwriting and that the blanks are filled in the candidates' own handwriting. Last date for receipt of applications on prescribed form, together with a treasury receipt for Rs. 5, 31st March, 1947.

2470

AUCTION SALES

GRAND AUCTION SALES FOR 4 DAYS
UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY TO BUY VEHICLES & SURPLUS STORES.

Under instructions from THE OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, T A T A AIRCRAFT LTD., KARACHI, Messrs. R. P. KHARAS & CO., GOVERNMENT AUCTIONEERS, will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION, at M/s. Tata Aircraft Depot, Drigh Road, Karachi, the undermentioned Vehicles and Surplus Stores on the following days:—

On MONDAY, the 17th March, 1947 at 10 A.M.:

Vehicles such as Tankers, Field-lighting Sets, Tractors, Fork-Lifts, Cranes, etc.

On TUESDAY, the 18th March, 1947, at 10 A.M.:

Chemicals mostly for photographic use, also industrial chemicals, Paints, Varnishes, Cements, Greases, Oils, Lubricants, etc.

On WEDNESDAY, the 19th March, 1947, at 10 A.M.:

Aircraft scrap and other Miscellaneous scrap.

On THURSDAY, the 20th March, 1947, at 10 A.M.

Aircraft Tyres, Tyres, Tubes and Rubber hoses and other rubber stores.

NOTE:—For full details, please apply to M/s. Tata Aircraft Ltd., Drigh Road, during the office hours.

For conditions of Sale, please see handbill.

R. P. KHARAS & CO.,
Proprietor: P. R. KHARAS,
Government Auctioneers & Estate Brokers,
Sangster Road, Saddar, Karachi-3.
(Telephone No. 7097).
2467

AUCTION SALE OF 10 BALES RAW SILK STEAM FILATURE YARN.

Under instructions from M/s. Mulla & Mulla, Attorneys for M/s. Kishenchand Chelaram and on account and at the risk of the defaulting purchasers M/s. Vishandas Amarnath M/s. BENNETT & CO. will To-day, TUESDAY, the 11th inst. at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their rooms, 120, Apollo Street:—10 Bales of raw silk steam filature yarn E. grade about 1303 lbs. Terms: 25% cash deposit. Purchasers will have to pay Sales Tax.

AUCTION SALE OF TIMBER LOGS AND MISC. ARTICLES.

Under instructions from the Regional Disposals Commissioner, Bombay, M/s. Bennett & Co. will on Tuesday, the 17th inst. at 10 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Alcock Ashdown & Co.'s Defence Works, Mazagaon, big lots of Jungle wood logs, Hard wood logs, and Vellapin planks.

On same day at 2 P.M. (S.T.) at Government Timber Depot, Sewri: Msc. articles such as:—Hyrent Keys and Connection, Delivery hose, Fire hose tiny big lot Gunny bags (sand bags), etc.

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Record Partnership Total Of 577 By Gul And Hazare

Baroda's Tail Fails To Wag: Poor Start By Holkar In Second Knock

HOLKAR (First Innings)	*202*
BARODA (First Innings)	*784*
HOLKAR (Second Innings) for 1 wkt.	*23*

BARODA, March 10. (A.P.I.): A record partnership total of 577 runs was set up by Gul Mohmad and Vijay Hazare before lunch time today, before Baroda were all out for 784 in Ranji Trophy final in the fourth day of play.

Gul Mahomed registered his individual third century in 496 minutes of play, before he was caught at first slip by Jagdale off Gaekwar at 318. Vijay Hazare was unlucky to miss his 300 by 12 runs when he too was caught at deep fine leg by Jagdale off Gaikwad at 288.

Baroda, however, fared disastrously after lunch time when they had piled up 690 for 5 wickets and after tea were all out for 784.

Holkar who resumed their second innings immediately afterwards, lost their first wicket at 15, before they hads cored 23 at close of play.

Gul Mahomed and Vijay Hazare con-33 minutes before lunch to-day when the final was resumed for the fourth day between Holkar and Baroda in the Ranji Championship Trophy. When the total was 668 runs and the partnership had produced 577 runs Gul Mahomed was brilliantly held at first slip by Jagdale off Gaekwad, Gul Mahomed's individual score being 319. The partnership lasted 533 minutes.

Thereafter Baroda lost another wicket when the Yuvaraj of Baroda was caught by Mustaq Ali off C. K. Nayudu for one, the score being 671. Vijay Hazare was joined by M. M. Nayudu and when the team retired for lunch, Baroda had scored 690 runs for five wickets, Hazare batting 254 and M. M. Nayudu 7.

DEBACLE AFTER LUNCH.

Baroda began disastrously after lunch losing their sixth wicket for 692, when M. M. Nayudu was declared l.b.w. to Gaekwad.

Amir Elahi joined Hazare who had scored 254 but immediately after he had opened his account with a single, was run out.

Vichare joined Vijay Hazare. The rate of scoring had decreased. Vijay Hazare who had scored 288 in a total of 746 in an attempt to play a ball off Gaekwad to deep fine leg mistimed his stroke and was smartly held by Jagdale and the eighth Baroda wicket fell for 746.

Vivek Hazare joined Vichare who had collected 16. The latter was, however, dismissed shortly after he had scored 24 being run out.

Ahmed Patel was the last man in and the last pair in the course of a breezy knock took Baroda's total from 754 to 779 when the team retired for tea.

After tea, Jagdale and Mushtaq Ali opened Holkar's second innings. Baroda's attack was in the hands of Vijay Hazare and Ahmed Patel.

Just eleven minutes after start, Holkar was unlucky to lose Mushtaq who had scored 10 runs. Immediately he was run out, when he gave a hasty start for a cover drive of Jagdale. The Holkar score was fifteen. Sarwate joined Jagdale and soon after he was lucky to be missed at silly mid off by Ahmed Patel off Amir Elahi. The latter had replaced Ahmed Patel and he has not conceded even a single run for the three overs he bowled before close of play.

At close of play, Holkar had scored 23 for the loss of one wicket, Sarwate and Jagdale batting with 0 and 11 runs respectively.

SCORE-BOARD

HOLKAR (1st Innings.) 202

BARODA (1st Innings.)

S. G. Pawar c Jagdale b C. K. Nayudu	14
Nimbalkar b C. K. Nayudu	43
H. Adhikari l.b.w. C. K. Nayudu	19
V. S. Hazare c Jagdale b Gaekwad	288
Gul Mohamed c Jagdale b Gaekwad	319
Yuvaraja of Baroda c Mushtaq Ali b C. K. Nayudu	1
M. M. Nayudu l.b.w. H. Gaekwad	8
Amir Elahi (run out)	1
Vichare (run out)	24
Vivek Hazare (not out)	10
Ahmed Patel b Sarvate	17
Extras	40
Total	784

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O	M	R	W
Gaewkad	71	19	134	3
Jagdale	24	1	81	0
C. S. Nayudu	48	6	160	0
C. K. Nayudu	80	12	178	4
C. T. Sarwate	43	8	93	1
Mushtaq Ali	2	0	8	0
Surendar Singh	9	0	37	0
Rawal	12	4	50	0
Kunzru	2	0	3	0

HOLKAR (2nd Innings.)

Jagdale (batting)	11
Mushtaq Ali (run out)	10
Sarwate (batting)	0
Extras	2
Total for one wicket	23

Fall of Wickets: 1 for 15.

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O	M	R	W
V. S. Hazare	6	3	13	0
Ahmed Patel	4	0	10	0
Amir Elahi	3	3	0	0

WORLD RECORD IN SINGLE WICKET PARTNERSHIP

BARODA, March 10 (API).—A new world record for any wicket stand in cricket was established by Gul Mahomed and Vijay Hazare when they scored 577 runs for Baroda in their fourth wicket partnership in the finals of the Ranji Trophy Cricket Championship match between Baroda and Holkar.

The previous world record for any wicket was 574 by F. M. Worrell (255 not out) and C. L. Walcott (314 not out), also for the fourth wicket partnership, in a match between Barbado's and Trinidad at Port of Spain in February 1946.

FEDERATION OF ASST. SECONDARY TEACHERS: A meeting of the Secondary teachers in Bombay and Suburbs will be held at Vanamali Hall, Dadar today (Tuesday) at 7-15 p.m. in connection with the International Youth Commission.

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M.C.C. BATSMEN FARE INDIFFERENTLY

Steady Wellington Attack Proves Deadly

M.C.C. (FIRST INNINGS) 176
WELLINGTON (FIRST INNINGS) for 5 Wkts. 86

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, Mar. 10 (Reuter): M.C.C. batsmen fared indifferently against Wellington in the opening match of their brief New Zealand tour here today. They were dismissed for 176 runs and at the close of play Wellington had scored 86 for five. The Marylebone's found playing conditions different from those that prevailed during the tour of Australia.

Washbrook proved the top scorer with 68 runs but he, like his colleagues, was constantly mis-timing the ball which came off the pitch at a comparatively slow pace. Washbrook was at the wickets for three and quarter hours, being ninth out when caught near square leg boundary off a full blooded pull.

Fishlock who opened the innings with Washbrook failed to score and Edrich once again had to come to the help of his side. He hit 20 quick runs before finally tapping a short pitched ball into the hands of the second slip. Compton too played a short, but merry innings.

Hammond who returned to captain the side, disappointed the spectators by hitting an over ball pitched well up to him.

After Hammond left, the only batsmen to score in double figures were Evans, Smith and Bedser. Smith and Voce late in the innings threw away their wickets by going to what looked impossible runs.

The chief virtue of the Wellington attack was its steadiness. McMurray with his medium paced deliveries took three for 43, while Cave dismissed two for 44 runs. The home side made a disasterous start to their first innings, Voce bowling with plenty of fire dismissing three batsmen in two overs without a run being scored. The plucky stand between R. Crawford, who made 50 runs in 65 minutes, and J. Capstick pulled matters round, the pair adding 65 runs, before Capstick was clean bowled by a particularly fine ball by Bedser for a patient 19. When bad light stopped play quarter hour before the time, Wellington were 90 runs behind with five wickets standing.

SCORE-BOARD

M.C.C. (FIRST INNINGS)

Washbrook c Oakley b Wilson ..	68
Fishlock c Lamason b Murray ..	0
Edrich c Murray b Cave	20
Compton c Lamason b Challies	27
Hammond b Cave	6
Ikin c Tindale b Wilson	2
Evans c Cave b Murrary	14
Smith (run out)	14
Bedser c & b Murray	11
Voce (run out)	7
Pollard (not out)	4
Extras	3
Total	176

BOWLING ANALYSIS: Cave 24|7|44|2 Murrary 19|7|43|3 Wilson 16|2|50|2 Challies 11|3|36|1.

WELLINGTON (FIRST INNINGS):

E. Tindale c Edrich b Voce	0
J. Ongley b Voce	0
J. Lamason b Voce	0
R. Crawford b Bedser	50
J. Capstick b Bedser	19
T. Reaney (not out)	5
Oakley (not out)	8
Extras	4
Total (for 5 wkts. at close) ..	86

To bat: R. Murphy, H. Cave, R. Challies and D. Wilson.

BOWLING: Voce three for 21, Bedser two for 28.

Lahiri Prefers To Be In Jail Custody

CALCUTTA, March 10 (API.) Mr. Somenath Lahiri, Communist member of the Constituent Assembly and Vice-President of the Calcutta Tramway Workers Union, who was arrested on Saturday last in connection with the Tramway workers' strike, was produced today before Mr. W. J. Palmer, Chief Presidency Magistrate, who ordered him to be released on a bail of Rs. 5,000 with two sureties of the same amount. He was asked to give a written undertaking "not to take any further part in encouraging or organising the strike."

On his preferring jail custody, Mr. Lahiri was remanded into custody till March 24 pending further inquiries.

LITERACY DRIVE

Ten-Year Plan For Adult Education

The Special Literacy Officer, Bombay, writes:

The current session of the literacy campaign which is the 1st one of the Committee's Ten Year Plan, will be completed at the end of this month. The adults attending nearly 1000 literacy classes will be given a literacy test at the end of the period and those, who will pass the test, over 10,000 will be promoted to the post-literacy classes.

Short term training classes for all languages for teachers are being organised.

EMPLOYERS' CO-OPERATION

Another part of the Ten Year Plan is to secure the co-operation of the employers of labour. Time-limit plans according to the strength of the employees of each concern will be prepared and the managements will be requested to provide accommodation, lights, etc., for holding classes in a manner suitable to them. They will also be persuaded to earmark the necessary funds to finance their respective plans, until no employee remains illiterate.

The Committee appeals through the columns of the press that every citizen and institution should rise to the occasion and co-operate with it in the solution of this problem of driving out illiteracy in as short a time as possible.

SEND OFF TO NIMBKAR

A hearty send off was given to Mr. R. S. Nimbkar Labour leader, who left Bombay for Lucknow for joining duty as Labour Adviser to the Government of U.P.

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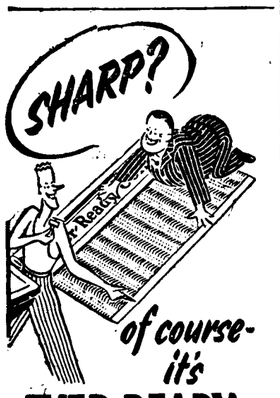

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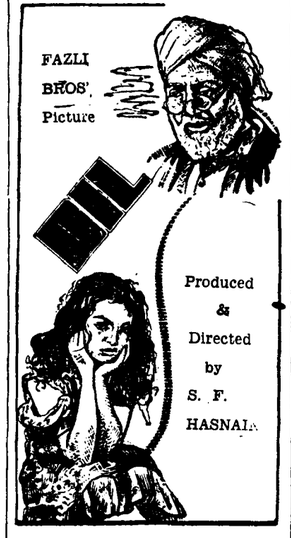

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TARIFF BOARD INQUIRY INTO RUBBER INDUSTRY

The Tariff Board's Enquiry into the rubber manufacturing industry (general rubber goods) will take place at 11 a.m. today (Tuesday) at the office of the Tariff Board, Contractor Building, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Sir R. K. Shanmukham Chetty will preside.

KAMBA RAMAYANAM SERIES

Kamba Ramayana Discourses of Sri Narasimhachariar came to a close on Sunday when Sri Rama Pattabishekam was celebrated. The Tamilian public greatly appreciated the discourses which were very lucid and impressive in that the glories of Ramayana from the point of view of Sri Valmiki and Kambar were revealed.

Mahamahopadaya Anantakrishna Shastry M|s. A. S. R. Iyergar, Venguswamy Iyer and Pandit Gopalachar spoke on the occasion. A purse was also presented to Mr. Achariar. Rao Sahib N. N. Aiyar thanked the organisers and the Vani Vihar Vidyalaya for the assistance rendered by them.

GORDHANDAS FELICITATED

Tributes to the qualities of Mr. M. J. Gordhandas, Advocate, were paid at a function held on the 7th instant in Laxmi Baug, Bombay, to meet and felicitate him on his appointment as Presidency Magistrate. Raja Bahadur Narayanlal Bansilal presided.

BANK OF JAIPUR LTD.

The net profit of the Bank of Jaipur, Ltd., for the year ended 31st December, including Rs. 1,48,135-8-8 brought forward from the previous account, amounts to Rs. 8,59,145-1-8 which the Directors propose to allocate as follows:—

The provision for taxes Rs. 2,00,000 provision for Bonus to Staff Rs. 65,000 dividend at 4 per cent less British Indian Tax Rs. 2,00,000 transfer to Reserve Fund Rs. 1,50,000 Dividend Equalisation Fund Rs. 1,50,000 Carry Forward Rs. 94,145.

WEATHER NEWS FOR FARMERS

FORECAST TILL WEDNESDAY MORNING: Dry weather mainly.

OUTLOOK FOR FURTHER 2 DAYS: There may be isolated light showers in Khandesh.

CITY AND SUBURBS

TODAY

Hindu: Falgun Vad 4, 2003.
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akher 17, 1366.
Parsi: Meher 9, 1316.
Sunrise 6-52 a.m., Sunset 6-47 p.m.
Hightide 02-24, 15-02 Lowtide 08-36, 20-44.

Domestic Occurrence

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

Lt. Col. and Mrs. JELAL M. SHAH, overwhelmed as they have been with sorrow due to their recent bereavement, have been equally overwhelmed with the kind sympathy and affection of their friends in their hour of trial. They deeply regret their inability to write and thank their friends individualy and beg them to accept this humble expression of their gratitude for their truly comforting messages of condolence, which they greatly appreciate and value.

5171

Today's Engagements

EXHIBITION AT CHETANA, 34 Rampart Row, by kind permission of H. H. Raja Rameswar Rao of Wanaparti, Historical Portraits prepared for the Vikramaditya Bimillienary Celebrations till March 18th from 3 p.m. to 8 p.m. every day.

TEA PARTY TO C.-IN-C., E. I. SQUADRON: The Mayor of Bombay will give a tea party to Sir Arthur Palliser, C.-in-C., East Indies Squadron today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. (B.T.) in Corporation Hall.

FREE FIRST AID-CLASSES AT JUHU AERODROME: Khan Saheb D. S. Bharucha has started free first aid classes at Juhu aerodrome beginning from Monday. Lectures will henceforth be delivered thrice a week (Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays) in the evening. Those wishing to join should be present there.

FARVARDEGAN FESTIVAL: At Petit Fasali Atashkadeh, New Marine Lines from today (Tuesday) for ten days daily at 6-30 p.m. Dasturji Bode will lead Hambandagi and deliver lectures.

HANSRAJ MORARJI PUBLIC SCHOOL: The fifth annual sports of the school was held on Sunday. Shri Morarji Desai, Home and Revenue Minister, Government of Bombay, presided. He exhorted the students to prepare themselves for the future responsibilities and to work for the removal of all distinctions. Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri welcomed the president. The principal of the school gave a report of its activities and moved a vote of thanks to the president and guests.

HINDUSTANI CLASSES: The Hindustani Classes conducted by 'C' Ward Congress Committee at Gulabbai Kanyashala Kalbadevi Rd., have begun their new terms. They will be held on Mondays from 8-30 to 10 p.m.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION: Telegrams from Madras to Rangoon and vice-versa, are subject to heavy delay due to bad atmospheric conditions.

WORLD YOUTH COMMISSION: The International Youth Commission will arrive to-day (Tuesday) by 'plane from Calcutta. They will land at Santa Cruz Aerodrome at 1-30 p.m.

They will stay in Bombay till March 15th.

PROGRAMME FOR TO-DAY: 1 Arrival at aerodrome at 1 p.m. General reception at Aerodrome Santa Cruz; 2 Meeting with the Working Committee of B.P.T.U.C. at Servants of India Society Hall from 3-30 to 5 p.m.; 3 Meeting with Trade Union representatives organized by B. P. T. U. C. at Marwari Vidyalaya Hall from 5 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. Visit to Congress House from 6-30 to 7 p.m. 4 Meeting of teachers from 7 to 8 p.m. in Vanmali Hall, Dadar; 5 Dinner at 9-30 p.m.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL MUSLIM LEAGUE: The inaugural meeting of the Council of the Bombay City Muslim League was held at Kaiser Baugh on Sunday. Hon'ble I. I. Chundrigar was in the Chair. In his inaugural address, he stressed the need of unity and exhorted the members to support those who are elected and forget the election disputes, if any.

After the co-option of the members to the council, the following office bearers were elected:—

1. President—Mr. Hasan A. Shaikh.
2. Vice-President—Mr. Akhtar Hasan Mirza, M.L.A.
3. Hon. Secretary—Mr. M. O. Kokil.
4. Hon. Jt. Secretary—Mr. Syed Sharifuddin Peerzada.
5. Hon. Treasurer—Mr. M. A. Chaiwalla.

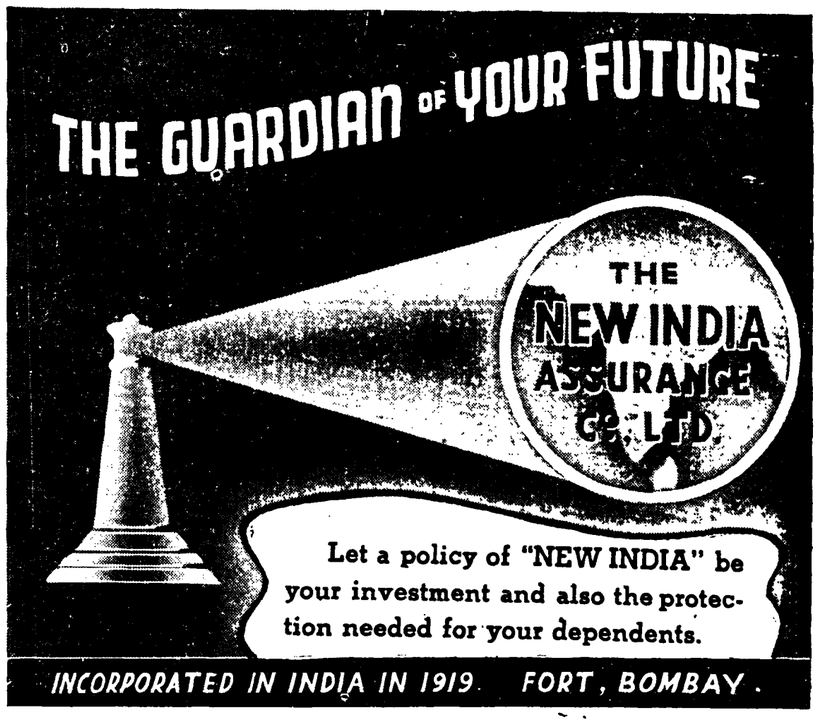
Fifteen members were elected to the Working Committee.

KERALA UNIFICATION COMMITTEE: Meeting of the delegates of the "All India Kerala Unification Convention" will be held at 8-30 p.m. on 13th March (Thursday) at Podar College Hall. All delegates are requested to be present and request to be excused for the inability in sending invitation individually.

TODAY ON RADIO

MARCH 11, (TUESDAY)
BOMBAY—1

244 m. (1,231 kc/s) 7-30 a.m. Song of week (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Haripada Chaudhari (Flute) 8-45 Babubai Shah (Gujerati Geet) 9-0 Saraswatibai Faterpeker (Aliaiya Bilawal) 12-0 Kashwanine Chotare (G) 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Mile Jule Gane 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Music (N. B. C. Symphony Orchestra) 4-20 School Broadcast (G) 5-0 Haripada Chaudhari (Flute) 5-15 T. D. Jogdand (Marigunji) 5-45 Topic of day 5.55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 "Daha Wajata" 6-30 M. Siddiq (Thumri) 6-45 T. D. Jogdand (Sohini) 7-0 Sahadeo Parab and party (Abhang) 7-15 Haripada Chaudhari (Flute recital) 7-30 S. B. Shastri (Eman Kalyan) 8-0 News (H) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Buddhi Dhvanshak Mandal (Gujarati Rupak) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B.B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Exploring Stratosphere: (Talk in English by Dr. H. J. Bhabha) 10-0 Egidio Verga Violincello 10-20 Interlude 10-25 Mark Robinson 10-45 Interlude 10-50 Urban De Lima.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When one of his Goats strayed from the herd, the Goatherd in temper threw a stone, breaking off one of the Goat's horns. Alarmed, he begged the Goat not to tell his master. To which the Goat replied, "Oh, foolish one, my horn will tell the story though I say not a word." AESOP'S FABLES

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2. Sip slowly; enjoy the distinctively different taste, the rare delicacy, the light-bodied smoothness of Seagram's V. O. with water. Then you'll *know* Seagram's V. O. is one of the world's finest whiskies and the lightest, cleanest-tasting whisky you have ever enjoyed.

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ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, March 10, (A.P.I.):
The following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours, total rainfall from 1st November 1946, and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours (I.S.T. on march 10 1947.

Allahabad 95 61 0 2.1 minus 0.2 Baroda 98 59 0 1.1 BOMBAY 85 69 0 7.1 plus 6.2 Calcutta 93 73 0 2.5 minus 0.4 Cawnpore 94 59 0 1.7 minus 0.3 Colombo 87 79 0.1 40.2 plus 14.6 Delhi 92 55 0 0.9 minus 1.7 Hyderabad (Dn.) 100 72 0 3.7 plus 1.4 Jacobabad 96 64 0 0.2 minus 0.7 Jubbulpore 93 57 0 8.7 plus 6.2 Karachi 79 71 0 0.1 minus 1.2 Lahore 90 51 0 1.4 minus 1.5 Lucknow 94 59 0 2.2 0 Madras 92 74 0 56.5 plus 35.2 Mysore 93 69 0 10.4 plus 6.9 Nagpur 97 67 0 11.6 plus 9.1 Patna 95 63 0 1.0 minus 1.0 Poona 99 62 0 6.5 plus 5.1 Simla 63 47 0 5.9 minus 2.4 Surat 96 66 0 7.5 plus 6.9.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

Who sows courtesy reaps friendship, and he who plants kindness gathers love.

—Sir Basil.

The Bombay Chronicle

A TEXTILE FIGHT—WITHOUT GLOVES

Recently the public have been treated to a very interesting but by no means edifying controversy between Mr. Khandubhai K. Desai M.L.A., Secretary Textile Union Ahmedabad, on the one hand and Messrs. Krishnaraj M.D. Thackersey, Dharamsey Mulraj Khatau and Shantilal Mangaldas, Chairman respectively of the Textile Control Board, Millowners' Association, Bombay, and Millowners' Association, Ahmedabad, on the other. When a public exchange of views is accompanied by throwing backwards and forwards of such epithets as 'planned racket to defraud consumers under the camouflage of government authority and dignity' 'deliberate twisting of figures' and 'tissue of erroneous, misleading and mischievous statements' the normal course for the onlooker is just to pass along and leave the contestants to settle their difference. Unfortunately the subject matter of the controversy in which the two sides have publicly exchanged these compliments, namely, the past record and the future prospects of the Indian cotton textile industry, is of too great a national importance to leave a purely passive role of indifference open to the large body of citizens. The gravamen or the charge that Mr. Desai had levelled against the millowners is that during the period commencing from the declaration of the recent war the millowners took unconscionable advantage of the situation created by shortage of cloth supplies. They neither exerted themselves to the full to augment production nor did they play fair by the worker and the consumer. Directly by high profits and indirectly by all kinds of concealed and illegitimate ways they secured huge profits, the size of which far exceeds the entire capital invested in the industry. In view of these facts Mr. Desai suggested that the Textile Control Board, which is packed by the millowners themselves, should be immediately reorganized and wide powers of control over production, distribution and prices should be given to it. He also suggested that eventually the whole industry should be nationalized without any compensation.

It was only natural that such a direct attack coming from one, who holds an important position in regard to the cotton industry, should have evoked a strong reaction. The manner, however, in which the representatives of the millowners have chosen to meet this attack is to our mind not so natural, unless, of course, they had no case at all and just proceeded to dress down the counsel on the other side. The three chairmen have tried to show that the main statistical argument of Mr. Desai is based in error—they say deliberate error. Now in fairness to Mr. Desai it must be recalled that he had in his representation of the case specifically stated that the facts and figures adduced by him were only approximate and that he had presented his conclusions tentatively and on the strength of his experience and observation. The chairmen specifically complain that the number of managing agents given by Mr. Desai is wrong, that in calculating as he had done the burden on the Indian civilian consumer figures for exports and defence consumption should have been excluded and that the comparison of the rise of Indian piecegoods prices and of foreign prices of these goods made by Mr. Desai to the detriment of Indian prices was not substantiated by authoritative figures. Now in point of fact all these criticisms must be held to be valid. But whether the errors can be described as deliberate twisting of figures is open to doubt, and in any case they do not materially affect the main argument against the inefficiency, indifference and profiteering of the millowners. The millowners' representatives in their turn appear to have played to the standard that they complain of in Mr. Desai. Thus Mr. Desai's charge that, in spite of the increase in employment of labour, there was no 'proportionate' rise in production is fully substantiated by the figures reproduced by the millowners themselves, though, of course, not to the extent to which Mr. Desai had made out. But, the millowners just take no notice of the word 'proportionate' and feel that they have proved their case so long as there was a rise. Speaking about the extent of rise in prices of handloom products the millowners state that the rise amounted to 400 to 500 'times'. This, of course, is just a common error and nobody would think of attributing any deliberation about it to the millowners.

We ourselves feel that in this controversy affecting the fortunes of the premier Indian industry a more unbiassed and objective survey of the whole field is necessary. That the millowners profiteered is proved by the comparative statement of the dividends given in the millowners' statement, which shows that as against a wartime average of 12% in sugar and 14.4% in jute the cotton textile average was 18.3%. Of gains made by the textile magnates in ways other than dividends nobody can have an accurate idea unless the Commission promised the other day by the Finance Member of the Government of India succeeds in unravelling facts. The millowners are nothing short of callous, however, when they try to meet Mr. Desai's charge that the workers in the textile industry were not fully compensated by saying that in any case they fared better than workers in several other employments. The millowners have also tried to throw the blame of their unsocial actions on Government, distributors and retail dealers. In fact they try to keep good company in their present plight by claiming companionship with the Provincial Governments themselves who have benefited by the effects of inflation. They easily forget that whereas every pie that went into the pockets of the Provincial Government is used for a public purpose the inflationary profits of the mill-industry and its other attendent gains were privately appropriated and helped to accentuate the inflation. While we agree that the inefficient action of Government in the matter of limiting its commitments and controlling inflation was the principal cause of our continued misery, and while we cannot altogether absolve labour from its responsibility in the matter of steady and efficient production we must say that the mill industry as a whole, whose record for efficiency and social responsibility was never very good, has done nothing during recent years to earn the appreciation of patriotic citizens much less to earn their gratitude. We are sure that the millowners themselves are conscious of this fact and hence they ask: "Is the industry, in view of the position it occupies in the national economy of the country, to be blamed if it had been carried by the current of inflation in spite of itself?" If an industry, which is nearly a century old and which has consistently benefited by all the official and non-official favours that a protective tariff and the Swadeshi and boycott movements had to bestow, is left to make this appeal in the face of famine and inflation some other method of encouraging national industries must be devised. Nationalization without compensation, which is suggested by Mr. Desai, may not be the only alternative, but in the interests of productive efficiency and distributional justice a more direct and positive role is indicated for the people acting through the State.

Frankly Speaking

Gandhiji At Work

As was expected, Mahatma Gandhiji's visit to Bihar has had immediate effect. The process of restoration of confidence has already begun. This is not to suggest that some sort of miracle will happen and everything will return to the pre-holocaust normal in a week or so. But the significant thing is that Muslims have been meeting him with their own full and frank version of the recent tragedy and explaining to him what, according to them, happened, what is happening and what they want done in respect of relief, rehabilitation and future security. Gandhiji has, moreover, galvanised the Bihar Government further into activity. That is not all. Office bearers of the Provincial and District Congress Committees have been summoned for discussions with Gandhiji. And it will not be long before he will have formulated an effective and practical programme of work for them for the purpose of removing the scars and memories of those horrible weeks of mass madness.

Muslim Leaders' Duty

There is a psychological side to the problem. It is in fact more urgent. Gandhiji has done the right thing in calling upon the Hindus of Bihar to atone for the wrongs which they did. He will see that that atonement is forthcoming in appreciable measure. He is also starting on a tour of the affected areas. And it may be accepted as a certainty that, thanks to his unique influence, Gandhiji's personal presence in those areas and the programme of work that is to be launched under his aegis will together produce the desired results. But it is, we suggest, the duty of Muslim League leaders also to co-operate with Gandhiji in his great work. They owe such co-operation to the unfortunate victims of the Bihar tragedy all the more now that it is obvious that neither Bengal nor Sind considers itself in a position to settle immigrants from Bihar on any appreciable scale at all. The future of Bihar Muslims clearly lies in Bihar and it is the duty of League leaders to help Mahatma Gandhiji ensure that future for them in peace and security.

Interesting Revelation

Quoting the France Press Agency, Reuter gives from Paris some interesting figures relating to British assistance to France in the field of military equipment. Two items are of special significance. Under a recent Franco-British agreement, Britain is fitting out a French airborne division involving approximately £1,760,000 worth of war supplies of all sorts including planes, guns, bombing equipment and so on. Moreover, "In the past 16 months, Britain has sent £17,500,000 worth of military equipment directly to Indo-China for fitting out the French forces fighting the Viet Namese". Could not the British conscience manage to feel that it would be wrong to intervene in Indo-China so directly against the Viet Namese? Apart from that, does not the humiliating irony—let alone the undemocratic immorality of the whole thing—of trying to restore French Imperialism with another's assistance occur to Frenchmen famed for their sensibility and self-respect?

British And Batavia Deadlock

The British Government are reported recently to have taken the initiative in urging both the Dutch Government and the Indonesian leaders to go ahead with the signature of the Cheribon Agreement. The British Government should have taken this initiative earlier because they must accept a special and heavy responsibility for the present deadlock. This deadlock has not arisen for faults on both sides. It is the direct outcome of Dutch Colonial Minister's effort—under instructions, no doubt, from the Dutch Government—to twist the meaning of the Agreement and give interpretations to it which defeat its objectives. This far from scrupulous technique is not uncommon with Imperialist statesmen. But it is the British who, in the ultimate analysis, made it possible for the Dutch to feel that they can go back upon their words. Without the British, the Dutch would never have been able to return to Indonesia, bring with them quite a considerable amount of military force and establish themselves in vitally strategic places. Nor would the Dutch have been able to enforce an economic blockade on the people of Indonesia. The British have much to answer for. The least they can do is to intervene but not as if the Indonesians were also to blame. It is their duty to call upon the Dutch to honour an agreement they pretended solemnly and unreservedly to enter into.

Plight Of Secondary Teachers

Sir,—The neglect of secondary education synchronized with the advent of "Montford Reforms" under which education became a "Transferred Subject." In the Bombay Presidency the Ministers in charge of Education made first reduction in the percentage of grants-in-aid to secondary schools on the plea of financial stringency, so that the grants which were paid at the rate of 33 per cent as laid down in the Grant-in-aid Code under the "Pre-Reform Government" were systematically reduced from 33 to 25 per cent. All the while the Ministers in charge of Education gave an assurance that this temporary cut would be restored as soon as finances would permit. With the advent of provincial autonomy, when it was expected that not only the cut would be restored but the grants would be substantially increased. This expectation proved only to be a mirage, in as much as the percentage, instead of going up, went down to 20 and remained at that rate on the admissible expenditure incurred in the Datum Line Year 1936-37, from 1939 to 1944.

But during the absence of the Congress Government, when the administration of the province was carried on by the Governor under Section 93, Sir Ivon Taunton, Adviser in charge of Education, changed the Datum Line Year from 1936-37 to 1941-42, and increased the percentage of grants from 20 to 24 and His Excellency Sir John Colville, realising the grievances of secondary teachers, sanctioned 50 per cent grant on the Dearness Allowance paid to teachers in non-Government Secondary schools.

With the restoration of the popular Government, people in general and secondary teachers in particular, expected that many of their hardships, patiently and ungrudgingly suffered by them during the period of war, would be alleviated. But alas what do we find? Prices of necessary articles have been soaring very high from day to day. An era of unrest and strikes has set in. Under these circumstances, the plight of secondary teachers can better be imagined than described.

Now that the excuse of financial stringency no longer exists, Government should lay down adequate salary scales for teachers so that the present unrest prevailing among them may disappear.

G. V. GADGIL,
Secretary,
Gokhale Education Society.
Bombay.

'Commodities Prices Board Will Do Justice To Agriculturists'

European Member Withdraws Cut Motion
Finance Member's Assurance In Central Assembly

NEW DELHI, March 10 (A.P.I.):—Central Assembly today began the five-day discussion on the demands for grants.

Mr. C. P. Lawson (European Group) moved a cut motion to discuss the functions of the Commodities Prices Board and connected matters. Mr. Lawson said that stabilisation of the cost of living index was of great importance and the background against which we had to consider this question was somewhat distressing. For some time to come, this country must start off against severe shortage of many commodities. The result of the shortage, Mr. Lawson said, naturally led to inflation. The real cure would be production and more production.

He would prefer the controls to go because they produced blackmarkets and it seemed incredible how so many broke the law by resorting to blackmarkets.

Mr. Lawson said that we must certainly attempt to keep the cost of living index within bounds and stabilise the living index and possibly reduce it. The various controls must be reviewed and agricultural prices should be fixed in relation to industrial prices.

FIX VALUE OF RUPEE

Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed said that controls had inevitably led to blackmarkets. Prices, he said, were at present fixed in terms of the value of the paper rupee which was no unit for measurement. The value of the rupee, he said, must first be fixed in terms of gold and silver and then applied to the commodities. Besides, Government should also fix the selling price of textiles and foodgrains. Government should attempt to bring down the cost of living index and stabilise between 130 to 140.

Prof. N. G. Ranga said that it would be a very bad policy to try to bring down agricultural prices in a unilateral manner. Government should tackle not only the agriculturist but also the manufacturer.

SUSPEND IMPORT DUTY

Mr. Manu Subedar congratulted Government on the appointment of the Commodities Prices Board. Pointing out that while other countries were trying to raise their production our production had fallen, Mr. Subedar said that it was Government's duty to see whether by extraordinary measures this emergency arising out of reduced production could be overcome. Government should make special efforts for imports and negotiate barter agreements with other countries. They should also see whether it would be possible to suspend the import duty temporarily on five or six commodities like steel, cement, timber, paper, cloth and sugar. There was not much of these commodities in the world which could come here but that would certainly destroy the blackmarket.

Capt.: G. T. B. Harvey stressed the need for constant review of three important commodities on which the general standrad of living depends, namely, food, clothing and fuel.

FINANCE MEMBER'S REPLY.

The Finance Member Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan replying to the debate said that Government had no design to deprive the agriculturist of his legitimate share and the Board would undoubtedly take into consideration the Agriculturists' interests. In fact one of the purposes for which the Board was appointed was to correlate prices of an agricultural and industrial goods.

Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan agreed with Mr. Lawson on the need for more and more production but he would add there shoud be more and more of equitable distribution as well. Government, he said, did not like controls but the House would agree that under the present circumstances, if controls are removed, the position would become far worse and the poorer classes would not be able to get what little necessities of life they obtained today.

Referring to the suggestions for the suspension of duties on certain imports for two or three years, the Finance Member said that this matter had already been examined by the Government but as the question was going to be discussed at the International Conference shortly Government had decided not to proceed in matter till the decisions of the International Conference were known.

Mr. Lawson withdrew his cut motion.

POSTAL & TELEGRAPH DEPT.

Mr. M. A. F. Hirtzel moved a cut motion to discuss the inefficiency of the Postal, Telegraph and Telephone Services. Hirtzel said that the Posts and Telegraphs Department which was analogous to the Railways as a commercial concern should be subjected to greater scrutiny by the House. In fact he said but for his cut motion the communications member would have got away scot-free.

In regard to equipment Mr. Hirtzel wanted to know whether any was available from the disposals.

Mr. Hirtzel described as a "swindle" the practise of accepting telegrams with the intentions of despatching them by post.

Mr. Ahmed Jaffer and Mr. Rohini Kumar Choudhury spoke on the motion.

Mr. Krishna Prasad, Director-General of Posts and Telegraps, said that in 1945-46 his Dept. handled 2,000 million postal articles, 66 million money orders, 31 million telegrams and 4-1/2 million Trunk calls. The percentage of complaints received was 15 per lakh of postal articles and 120 complaints per lakh of telegrams. He did not want to take cover behind the fact that the percentage of complaints was so small. He admitted that the services rendered by the Posts and Telegraphs Dept. were not as efficient as they used to be before the war. The difficulties of the Department were due to the vast expansion of traffic during the war and lack of trained staff and shortage of equipment.

The number of telephones at the end of the war was 1,20,000. He hoped that during the next five years, it would be possible to double this number.

The cut motion was talked out.

CUT MOTION ON LABOUR POLICY

Mr. N. M. Joshi (Labour) moved a cut motion to discuss the Labour policy of the Government of India. The debate on it had not concluded, when the House rose for the day.

Mr. Joshi said that Labour conditions in our country were far behind those existing in advanced countries.

Mr. Joshi urged Government to develop the tripartite machinery. At present, unfortunately, it was not functioning properly.

Dr. Ziaddin Ahmed (Muslim League) urged that Labour should be treated as a business partner in industry. They would no longer allow themselves to be treated as a servant of the capitalist minority.

Mr. S. Guruswamy (Labour) emphasised the seriousness of the threat of unemployment and urged the Labour Member to take active steps to meet that problem before it was too late. Government should pursue an active policy of social security not only for industrial workers but also agricultural workers.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.

PRODUCTION OF DHOTIES AND SAREES TO BE INCREASED

German Experts For Manufacturing Textile Machinery In India: Adjournment On Pay Commission Report Disallowed

NEW DELHI, March 10. (A.P.I.): Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Member for Industries and Supplies, said in the Assembly to-day in reply to Pandit Sri Krishna Dutt Paliwal that there had been complaints recently that the supplies of dhoties and sarees were inadequate. The Chairman of the Textile Control Board had now issued instructions to all mills to increase their production of dhoties and sarees so that at least 75 per cent of the looms capable of prouicing dhoties and sarees produced these against the present percentage of 60 per cent. Provincial and State allocations of cloth would, therefore, in future contain a higher percentage of dhoties and sarees than at present and this should help them to see that larger supplies of these were made available to rural areas.

There were a number of supplementaries on the need for providing more yarn to handloom weavers. Mr. Rajagopalachari said that every effort was being made to get as much yarn as possible out of the mills for distribution to handloom weavers.

MANUFACTURE OF SPINDLES.

Mr. Rajagopalachari said in reply to Mr. Ahmed Jaffer that Government had seen a record of decisions reached at a meeting between the members of the Indian Textile Delegation and the Textile Machinery Makers, Ltd. for the manufacture of spindle in India. The decision provided that while 74 per cent of the shares and the controlling interest would be held by Indians and the English manufacturers would have a 26 per cent financial interest in the company and would be represented on its Board upto a fourth of the total strength. The company was expected to manufacture 40,000 spindles per month.

TEXTILE MACHINERY MAKERS LTD.

It was stated that the company, Textile Machinery Makers, Ltd., would have shares of Rs. 39 lakhs, which would consist of Rs. 13 lakhs worth of shares to be subscribed for in cash and fully paid-up shares of Rs. 26 lakhs free of payment in return for goodwill, patent rights, technical assistance and benefits of all past and future research.

The Government of India had only helped by arranging passages, exchange facilities, etc. No help had been given in money or materials.

Mr. Rajagopalachari said in reply to the same member that the Disposals Enquiry Committee's report was received on March 1, 1947 and was receiving immediate attention. On receiving the recommendations of the Disposals Board, Government hoped to publish the report and the decisions on the report before the end of the month.

CATTLE FEED.

Sir Pheroze Kharegat, Secretary for Agriculture, said in reply to Mr. Paliwal on the question of cattle feed that 11,613 tons of wheat bran had been imported from the Argentine and a further 4,462 tons were expected.

The export of cattle feed was prohibited except under licence.

Sir Pheroze said in a written reply to Seth Govind Das that Government had already sent some 80 students to the U.S.A. for training in Agriculture (including animal husbandry).

The Government of India were taking steps to secure the services of certain classes of German technicians including experts in the manufacture of textile machinery, said Mr. Rajagapalachari in a written reply to Maharaj Kumar Sir Vijaya Ananda.

PAY COMMISSION REPORT.

The Chair disallowed an adjournment motion which Mr. S. Guruswamy sought to move to discuss the Government's latest 'communique' regarding the publication of the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission some time in May. This delay, the motion stated, would result in possible dislocation of work in railways.

The Finance Member, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, said that Government had so far received only a draft of the report and the Chairman of the Pay Commission hoped to submit the final report by the first week of May. It was not possible for Government to publish the draft report until they had received the final report. In any case, whatever was the decision of the Commission, it was Government's intention to give effect to the recommendations from January 1, 1947.

The Chair held the motion premature inasmuch as the report itself had not been finally submitted to the Government and disallowed it.

Labour Member's Advice To Harijans

NEW DELHI, March 10 (API.) Mr Jagjivan Ram, Labour Member, addressed a Harijan Conference at Rohtak and another at Narela yesterday. He advised Harijans to stand on their own legs, and organise themselves to ameliorate their conditions. Independence of the country, he said, was coming and they should be prepared to shoulder the responsibility. Mr. Jagjivan Ram was presented a purse of Rs. 1,990 at Rohtak by different Harijan Panchayats in the District.

The Art Of George Keyb

MODERNISTIC EXHIBITION IN CONVOCATION HALL

To those who are not acquainted with the tendencies of modern western art, paintings by Mr. George Keyb—a Ceylonese artist—which are exhibited at the Convocation Hall will appear to be of an unusual type. Mr. Keyb has selected the style of Picasso and other modernists as the basis of his art. He has indulged in experiments with abstraction of forms, patterns, colours and ornamental extravagance and has, after a protracted period of uncertainty and indecision arrived at a stage at which he has something encouraging to show.

Mr. Keyb has taken the style of the modernists of the West and subject matters from the East and is endeavouring to make the best of both the worlds. The success of such an undertaking depends upon the ability of every artist to capture the spirit of the art selected by himself as a standard and upon earnestness on his part to acquire full knowledge of the subject matter he proposes to handle. Mr. Keyb does not seem to have approached the mythological subjects like "Maheshvara" (26) and "Sleeping Vishnu" (23) with the sympathy and understanding, which are needed for the purposes of their portrayal in a convincing manner.

The exhibition, apart from presenting the work of Mr. Keyb illustrates, more or less, the trends of modern art of Europe. One is delighted to find in it some good examples like "Tamil Girls" (38) 'Niyika II" (32) "Nayika III" (35) "Woman Reading" (60), "Woman Reclining" (62 and a girl with a bird.

D. G. VYAS.

PARTITION WITH A VENGEANCE!

Mr. K. F. Nariman, has issued the following statement:—

Each successive resolution of the Working Committee furnishes additional argument and justification for the League, and strengthens its claim and demand for Pakistan. In the last resolution, a community in a part of a Province was given a sort of sanction to defy and revolt against majority rule, if communal interests and safeguards demanded such resistance. In the latest resolution, it has gone a step further and that communal principle is taken to its logical conclusion, and partition of the Punjab, on a communal basis, is suggested, as the only solution of its present critical tangle. Similarly, Bengal Hindus claim partition of that Province on the same grounds and in view of this recommendation for the sikhs, this Maha-Sabha demand must also be conceded by the Congress.

Thus, according to Congress, if Provincial vivisection is proper and the only solution to solve communal problems, then, the League demand for partition of the whole country, on exactly the same grounds and for the same reasons, becomes irresistible and un-answerable.

Undemocratic

Such undemocratic separatist and communal element in this particular resolution of the Working Committee was most unfortunate because thereby, the invitation to the League to join the Consembly in the same resolution, loses all its force and sincerity. The League may well retort, rejecting that insincere invitation and throw back this Punjab Partition as an effective and conclusive justification of all their demand for Pakistan.

So far, opposition to Pakistan has been mainly on the basis and ground that all Indians constitute one Nation, and therefore according to democratic principles, bare majority rule should prevail, no matter of what community that majority consists of. Communal cnsiderations could have no place in 'One Nation Theory'. But, if the Sikhs and Hindus in the Punjab and Bengal are given separate political rights to administer separate territorial units on the basis of larger numbers inhabiting parts of those Provinces, then it means that the supposed democratic principle of 'One Nation Theory' against Pakistan is only exploited to resist similar demands, on the same grounds, of non-Hindus. It has destroyed the last vestige of a chance for a United India and Akhand Hindustan becomes an empty meaningless slogan of idealist dreamers.

Consistency has seldom been the virtue of the Congress. Was this lack of statesmanship due to Gandhiji's absence from this momentous meeting of the Working Committee? He had recently denounced the separatist movement in Bengal and had supported Sarat Babu's efforts to prevent it. Perhaps his presence might have prevented this last and greatest political catastrophe in the country.

Recently, the same Working Committee had rejected a more reasonable and less harmful demand from the South, of re-distribution of territories on linguistic and cultural basis.

Tackle Problem On All-India Basis

This subject of territorial division is not provincial. If circumstances demand re-opening of this important topic, then it should be treated as a vital problem, on a higher level on an All-India basis. Let an all-India conference, consisting of representatives of Congress, the League, the Mahasabha, the Sikh Panthik Board and all other important organisations, be immediately summoned, to consider whether the territorial map of India should be radically altered, due to the changed circumstances because according to recent developments, all important communal and non-communal organisations, seem to be committed to this principle of partition. The Mahasabha claims it in Bengal, the Sikhs in the Punjab, and the Congress has endorsed that claim; the South Indians claim it in their territories, and the League demand for Pakistan is based on the same principle.

The present division of the country into different Provinces was made centuries ago, to suit the requirements of the then foreign administration. If there is to be re-adjustment, a systematic effort should be made for re-distribution and division of territories either on the basis of culture, language, economy or even on communal basis; if that re-adjustment leads to better understanding and results in greater harmony and unity; such an experiment, if successful and feasible, should be given a trial as it would end both the political deadlock and communal strife. That would pave a smooth passage for the transfer of power and avert the impending disaster and civil war.

Reforms In Kurundvad

As a step towards the introduction of responsible Government in the State, the Ruler of Kurundvad (Sr.) has announced the dissolution of the State Representative Assembly and ordered the enactment of a new Legislative Assembly Act. Pending the constitution of the new Legislature, an interim Executive Council of three with two nominees of the State Praja Parishad has been formed.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"The Congress Working Committee has made a most welcome move in this direction. A straightforward invitation in a special resolution has been issued to the All-India Muslim League .... To quibble over this direct appeal would be to gamble irresponsibly with the lives and welfare of the Indian peoples".

—The "Times of India".

* * *

Replying to questions by Pressmen in Madras, Acharya Kripalani said that they had already sent a copy of the Working Committee's resolution to the Muslim League.

And it has already been answered. Vide Mr. Chundrigar's statement from—Bombay.

* * *

According to a London report British political circles have expressed "satisfaction" at the news that Congress is inviting the Muslim League for consultation and discussion.

Is zat so?

Prejudging the issue, eh? Nothing doing.

* * *

A Lahore message to a contemporary states that the former Premier Malik Sir Khizr Hyat is being criticised by both parties; one accuses him with "scuttling the ship" and the other impugning his honesty in vacating, as he said, the field for the Muslim League.

Poor Khizr Hyat!

* * *

Commenting on India, the New York "Herald Tribune" feels that Mr. Churchill's suggestion of invoking the aid or advice of the United Nations "was not a proposal that could be taken seriously at the moment".

Neither, to be fair to the man, did Churchill take himself seriously.

* * *

"It is possible", the New York paper also believes, "that the French and the Dutch will wish in future they had been as quick as the British to admit the trend of events in the Orient".

Unless, of course, they regard it as an unfriendly suggestion by a prejudiced Yankee. Which is more likely.

* * *

Explaining the Indonesian-Dutch deadlock after the Cheribou Agreement, Reuter says: "Subsequently, however, the Indonesian leaders dissented from the interpretation of the agreement placed upon it by the Dutch Minister of Colonies".

Why not let's be a little more accurate and say: "Subsequently the Dutch Minister of Colonies dissented from the meaning of the agreement?"

* * *

In a recent speech, M. Maurice Thorez, the French Communist Vice-Premier criticised "certian of our Allies" for planning to restore Germany rather than help France.

It's a terribly difficult problem to spot them, isn't it? We give up.

EJECTMENT DECREE

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Bhagwati).

Kasturbai H. Shroff .... Plaintiff.
Versus.
1. Mohanlal Kapur
2. Pranlal B. Jhaveri .. Defendants.

The plaintiff filed this ejectment suit against the first defendant to whom she had let out on lease the first floor of her property known as Ratan Mahal at Walkeshwar Road at the monthly rent of Rs. 250 and against the second defendant to whom the first defendant had sub-let the premises in October 1944. On 19th February 1945, the plaintiff addressed to defendant 1 a notice to quit the premises.

The plaintiff contended that defendant 1 had failed to pay the rent of the premises from October 1944. He also contended that he had committed breaches of three of the conditions of his lease viz. not to act in a disorderly manner on to commit nuisance, not to keep dogs, and not to cook non-vegetarian food. The plaintiff alleged that after the premises were sub-let to defendant 2, he himself did not reside there but the premises were in the occupation of a woman from Bhopal with her retinue thereafter of one Hariram with his family whose dog had actually bit the plaintiff herself, and then of a movie actress Miss Biboo and 3 gentlemen. The plaintiff alleged that during the time Miss Biboo was in occupation, there were 4 or 5 rowdy music parties every month till small hours of the morning and that on one occasion Miss Biboo and defendant 2 actually rushed out into the compound threatening each other with revolvers.

Defendant 2 maintained that he was a cinema producer and had guests from all over India and then was nothing wrong in housing them. He stated that the parties were very tame affairs at which only soft drinks were served.

On the evidence his Lordship held that defendant 2 did commit breaches of all the three conditions of the lease. His Lordship further held that neither of the defendants had offered to pay the proper rent till long after the suit was filed. His Lordship therefore passed an ejectment decree in favour of the plaintiff ordering that the premises be vacated on 30th April 1947 and for compensation for use and occupation at the rate of Rs. 250 per month.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. D. C. Bilimoria instructed by Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon appeared for the printiff.

Mr. J. A. Shah, Mr. D. B. Desai and Mr. G. A. Padkar instructed by Madhavji and Co., defendant 1.

Mr. M. V. Desai and Mr. K. K. Desai instructed by Messrs. Thakoredas and Madgaokar appeared for defendant 2.

Preparatory Measure To Prohibition

ASSEMBLY PASSES BILL TO AMEND ABKARI ACT

Operation Of Rent Restriction Act Extended

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Bill to amend the Bombay Abkari Act, a measure preparatory to phohibition was passed by the Bombay Legislative Assembly today.

The Assembly also passed a Bill extending the operation of the Rent Restriction Act of 1939 by one year, till April 1948; and referred to a Select Committee a Bill to consolidate and amend the law for the relief of agricultural debtors in the Province.

Besides this, the House also passed with no discussion, two Bills, one amending the Opium Act of 1878, and the other providing for the control of transport, sale and possession of molasses in order to prevent its use for the illicit manufacture of liquor and to make it easily available for lawful purposes in the Province.

Despite transacting the unusual volume of business, the House found itself with no work long before closing time, as by then all the Bills on the Order Paper had been gone through.

When the House resumes to-morrow (Tuesday) the debate on the voting for grants will be taken up.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

Moving the Bill to amend the Bombay Rent Restriction Act of 1939, Mr. Dinkarrao Desai, Minister for Law stated that the Act which restricts the increase of rents of premises not exceeding Rs. 80 per mensem expires on the 31st March 1937. Government had already published the Bombay Rent Control Bill which was a more comprehensive piece of legislation. But it might take some time to get that Bill enacted. Meanwhile it was necessary that the protection given to the tenants should be continued. That was the simple purpose of the present Bill.

DANGE'S SUPPORT

Mr. S. A. Dange while seeking to support the Bill tried to comment on what he termed the 'threat' contained in the statement of objects and reasons that the Government's Rent Control Bill, which had proved so unpopular would be brought up before the House.

The Speaker, Mr. S. K. Firodia, who was in the Chair said that no comment on that Bill could be made as it was not before the House. "It may come before the House later on".

Mr. B. G. Kher: "Or it may not come at all".

A long duel of wits ensued between Mr. Dange and the Speaker regarding the scope of the remarks that member might make. The Speaker ruled that no member could go beyond the amendment to extend the life of the the Rent Restriction Act.

Mr. Dange then said that he welcomed it as a good piece of legislation because it sought to extend the benefit of the Rent Restriction Act to the people of Bombay for one year. He hoped that no attempt would be made to detract from the full scope of this benefit by shortening the time by any means. In this connection he recalled that the Rent Inquiry Committee had recommended a reduction of 30 per cent in rents. It was gratifying to see that the Ministry had not fallen a victim to the pressure of landlords. He hoped that they would continue to resist that pressure.

After Messrs. S. L. Karandikar, A. H. Mirza, G. W. Joshi had commended the Bill, it was passed through all stages without further debate.

ABKARI BILL

Replying to the debate on the Bill to amend the Bombay Abkari Act, 1878 which took place on Friday, February 28 Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise and Reconstruction, said that this time in enforcing prohibition the Government would make no distinction between Europeans and Indians and would also give no permits on medical grounds. Last time complete prohibition was imposed only in certain areas and from the adjoining areas liquor was smuggled in. No room for such possibilities would be left in the coming scheme.

The Minister said that there was great likelihood of liquor being smuggled from the States adjoining the Bombay Presidency. With a view to eliminateing that danger the Government had called a Conference of the representatives of those States and those of the Government on the 22nd of this month. Ways and means would be found so that the States would co-operate with the Government in checking smuggling from their side. Until some concrete decision was reached with the States, liquor shops on the borders would not be removed.

CLOSURE OF LIQUOR SHOPS

Next year, Mr. Patil said, there would be closure of liquor shops on Sundays and one more day in a week and as far as possible on other holidays also. The days of closing down the shops would gradually mount up so that in the fourth year there would be complete clouse of shops.

The Minister also gave an indication as to how the Government would enforce prohibition, with the help of an adequate police force, by availing themselves of the latest instruments of propaganda and setting up a Central Board with a majority of non-official members on it and with various district committees under it for supervising the carrying out of prohibition.

He further said that next year the Government would open shops where opium and hemp would be sold to the public.

APPEAL FOR CO-OPERATION

After a period of four years he added, the Department of Excise would be converted into the Department of Prohibition, the Minister for Excise into the Minister for Prohibition and similarly everything associated with Excise would be associatd with Prohibition.

"Let us hope that this piece of legislation will pave the way to the consummation of an ideal State and I appeal to all members to lend me their helping hand in this arduous journey so that we might reach our cherished goal". With these words Mr. L. M. Patil finished his reply.

When the second reading of the Bill was taken up, Mr. J. H. Shamsuddin moved a series of amendments intended to include whipping as one of the punishment to be awarded for various offences under the Bill.

Mr. S. A. Dange opposing the amendments suggested that whipping was a relic of mediaeval times. It was a barbarous form of punishment which, without having any reformative or educational influence on the offender, merely brutalised him. The tendency to include this form of punishment for various offences should be regarded as reactionary and not in consonance with modern ideas and should be resisted.

All the amendments were negatived, after which the Bill passed through the second and third readings without further debate.

OPIUM ACT

A Bill to amend the Opium Act of 1878 in its application to the Province of Bombay was introduced by Mr. L. M. Patil and with certain amendments was passed by the House. The Bill seeks to facilitate the enforcement of the control of opium during the period preparatory to complete prohibition and to enhance the penalties for violating the law effectively.

Introducing the Bill Mr. Patil said that the new measure was necessitated because it was found that the penalties prescribed under the Opium Act of 1878 were not sufficiently deterrent.

USE OF MOLASSES

A second Bill to provide for the control of transport sale and possession of molasses in order to prevent its use for the illicit manufacture of liquor and to make it easily available for lawful purposes in the Province of Bombay, was also passed by the House.

This Bill was also introduced by Mr. L. M. Patil. The Bill seeks to amend the Bombay Molasses Act of 1942 with a view to penalising the transport and sale of molasses except under permits granted by competent authorities.

RELIEF TO AGRICULTURAL DEBTORS

Mr. V. L. Mehta moving first reading of the Bill to consolidate and amend the law for the Relief of agricultural debtors in the Province of Bombay, traced the history of legislation aimd at scaling down the burden of agricultural indebtedness in the Presidency. The last Congress Ministry, just before it laid down office had pased a unique piece of legislation, which was intended not merely to afford immediate relief but was designed to provide a more lasting solution of the whole problem of agricultural indebtedness. The succeeding Government, however, treated it as an experimental piece of legislation and applied it only to two Talukas in each of eight Districts. Even so the results obtained by the working of the Agricultural Debt. Relief Act of 1939 was very gratifying. Upto the end of March 1946 the Debt Redemption Boards had received nearly three lakhs of applications covering debts to the extent of Rs. 15 crores. They vering of debt of Rs. 60 lakhs. They had disposed of 4,600 applications covering a debt of Rs. 60 lakhs. The debts had been scaled down by about 75 per cent.

BILL AMENDED

It was the intention of the present Government o extend the benefits of that legislation to the whole of the Province. At the same time they wanted to amend it improve it and remove some of the lacunae which had been pointed out. With this intention they had brought forward a Bill in 1946, but it could not be gone through by the legislature. The time that had since elapsed had been utilised to redraft the Bill with further modifications. Meanwhile the 1939 Bill had been applied to the whole of the Province.

Proceeding Mr. Mehta explained that the present amending legislation left intact the fundamental structure of the old Bill with regard to receiving applications, determination of paying capacity, assessment of assets, scaling down of debts, framing of awards and the granting of instalments. The chief difference that had been introduced was that instead of the Debt Redemption Boards the disputes would be settled in courts. The courts would follow the simpler procedure fixed in the Bill, except when there was no special provision, in which case they would follow the Civil Procedure Code.

REASON FOR CHANGE

The Minister explained that the reason for this change was the fact that the Boards had found it difficult to devise their own procedure and machinery for serving processes and other administrative work. Besides the chairmen of the Boards being pleaders without necessary experience as judicial officers and also being temporary Government servants could not bring to bear on their duties the same degree of responsibility that might be expected of permanent members of the judiciary.

The first reading of the Bill having been passed without opposition, the Minister moved that the Bill should be referred to a Select Committee with instructions report on or before March 24.

The motion was carried. At this stage the Deputy Speaker Mr. S. N. Angadi adjourned the Assembly although there were about 25 minutes to closing time, as there was no further business before the House.

'CHANCES OF UNITY ARE BETTER TODAY'

MYMENSINGH, March 10. (U.P.I.): "Students of India to-day are, indeed, creatures of destiny. Never during the long history of the world was so much responsibility thrown on the young generation of the country as to-day on the young men and women of India. You have to fashion a young nation of your imagination and aspirations. We have always believed that India has a mission to fulfil in the world. Both the world and its civilisation—what little is left of it—have to be saved from the ravages of passion and violence. A free India can accomplish that mission if her young men and women follow the path which their great leader, Mahatma Gandhi, has shown them all these years."

Thus observed Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, addressing the All-Bengal Students' Conference held here yesterday.

RANK OUTSIDER ELIMINATED.

"Carefully analysed", added Mr. Patil, "the political situation to-day lends itself to a hope that the chances of Hindu-Muslim unity are better to-day than they were ever before during the last ten years. When instead of the parties, one of them being a rank outsider, only two parties remain in the field, the chances of settlement are bound to improve.

Concluding Mr. Patil paid glowing tributes to the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi.

TUSHAR GHOSH RE-ELECTED

A.-I. Editors' Conference Presidentship

NEW DELHI, March 10 (A.P.I.): Mr. J. N. Sahni, convener of the All-India Newspaper Editors' Conference, announces that till Monday, March 10, upto which date nomination for presidentship were invited, the only name which he has received duly proposed and seconded is of Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, editor of the "Amrit Bazar Patrika".

Another name was proposed, but the proposal had not been duly seconded. In the circumstances Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh has been re-elected for a second term as president of the A.-I.N.E.C.

BOMBAY COUNCIL PASSES WHIPPING BILL

BOMBAY, Monday.

When the Whipping Act Bill, came up before the Bombay Legislative Council this afternoon Mr. R. R. Bakhle opposed it on humanitarian grounds. Whipping was a very cruel made of punishment, he said.

Mr. Morarji Desai who introduced the Bill replying to the Opposition observed that it was resort of necessity. Personally he believed in non-violence but when he had run a Government on behalf of the people he would be untrue to them if he exposed them to serious danger.

Was it not equally cruel for a person to stab another innocent person who had done him no harm whatsoever.

The Bill was passed Mr. Bakhle being the only dissentient.

HOME GUARDS BILL.

Moving the Home Guards Bill, the Home Minister revealed that the Corps would now be open to women.

Sir Behram Karanjva wanted to know the proportion of different communities in the force.

The Home Minister replied that there would be no ratio of communal representation in the organisation but every community would be welcome to join it. The Bill was passed unanimously.

In all nine bills were passed by the Upper House to-day before it adjourned till the 22nd March.

One Killed In Rewa Firing

Sequel To Villagers' Attack On Procurement Party

REWA, March 9 (API.) Rewa Darbar has issued the following communique: "Information was received by Government on the morning of March 7 that villagers of Shivrajpur and adjoining villages in Naigarhi circle had attacked the rice procurement party which was working in that area from March 3. For three days this party worker with great restraint and made every effort to persuade the crowd which had collected to obstruct rice procurement to disperse to their villages. The situation however continued to deteriorate and on the 7th evening the crowd forcibly removed several maunds of rice which was being transported to the collecting centre.

In view of the turbulent nature and over-whelming number of the crowd, which was armed with lathis and spears, reinforcements were despatched on the 8th to deal with the situation. On arrival of the rescue party the Additional District Magistrate approached the crowd and advised them again to disperse peacefully which they declined to do. The crowd assumed a threatening attitude and started shouting slogans and advanced to attack the police party. The District Magistrate thereupon warned the crowd that police would be compelled to open fire if they failed to disperse. In spite of repeated warnings the crowd pressed forward and the police had to fire nine rounds first three being in the aid, in self-defence. This action had the desired effect and the crowd began to disperse.

The procurement party then recovered seven maunds of rice which had been looted on the previous night.

The casualties were one killed and eight injured. The injured were immediately attended to and have been brought to Rewa for treatment. Further enquiries are in progress and the situation is under control.

The Additional District Magistrate, the District Superintendent of Police with an adequate force have been left behind in charge."

Attlee Faces Party Members

LONDON, March 10 (UPA): Prime Minister Attlee, on the brink of the toughest test his Government has had to meet in the Commons, went before his Parliamentary Labour Party today in an outspoken meeting which political observes expected to produce a sweeping Cabinet shuffle.

Attlee went before the Party meeting to co-ordinate his forces for the three-day Commons debate on the Government's recent economic White Paper. The debate will culminate Wednesday in a motion of no confidence tabled by Winston Churchill and his Conservative Party.

The danger of the Labour Government being overthrown was considered negligible, although many observers predicted a combined Conservative-Liberal vote against the Government reaching 200.

Labour holds 394 out of 640 seats in the House, and Attlee was expected to tell his Party not to refrain from voting in the debate for any reason. All three parties were issuing "three line whips", their most urgent summons to members to be present.

Reports leaking from today's Labour Party meeting said backbenchers levelled criticism against several members of the Cabinet.

These reports said Food Minister John Strachey and President of the Board of Trade Sir Stafford Cripps came under major fire. Cripps, who is not over popular with his Party and definitely unpopular with the Opposition, was criticised for his administration of the Board of Trade. It was understood to have been suggested that he be removed and made Lord President of the Council and leader of the House in place of Herbert Morrison, who is ill with thrombosis.

One informant said Morrison, in turn, would be made President of the Board of Trade if and when his health permits.

BRITISH SHIPPING AT STANDSTILL

LONDON, March 10 (Reuter): The thaw which Britain was prematurely promised last week now really seems to hav arrived—bringing with it slush, mud and fog and floods. All shipping, including colliers for London, was brought to a halt early today as a thick fog covered the Thames Estuary. By this afternoon, the fog in the Straits of Dover was being described as the worst of the winter.

LAHORE RETURNING TO NORMAL ACTIVITIES

Multan And Amritsar Districts "Still Disturbed"

MANY RAIDS ON BASTIS AND VILLAGES AROUND RAWALPINDI

LAHORE, MARCH 10. (A.P.I.): THERE HAVE BEEN MANY RAIDS ON BASTIS AND VILLAGES AROUND RAWALPINDI WHERE CONSIDERABLE LOSS OF LIFE AND PROPERTY IS FEARED, IT IS ANNOUNCED IN LAHORE THIS EVENING.

THE POLICE REPULSED SOME VAGRANTS COMING IN FROM MUZAFARGARH DISTRICT TO MULTAN, IT IS OFFICIALLY STATED. THE MILITARY ARE PATROLLING THE SUBURBS OF MULTAN AND MANY ARRESTS OF SUSPICIOUS PERSONS HAVE TAKEN PLACE.

ONE COMPANY EACH OF AIRBORNE TROOPS HAVE BEEN SENT TO SHUJABAD, MAILSI AND KHANEWAL AREAS IN MULTAN DISTRICT.

AMRITSAR WAS QUIET LAST NIGHT.

NOTHING PARTICULAR IS REPORTED FROM ANY OTHER DISTRICT.

GOVERNOR FLIES TO MULTAN

His Excellency the Governor of the Punjab flew to Multan today to study the communal situation there, learns the "Associated Press of India".

The Governor returned to Lahore in the afternoon.

Owing to the communal disturbances in Multan 16 passenger trains have been cancelled in the Multan Division it is officially announced.

It will be recalled that for similar reasons about 50 passenger trains have been cancelled in the Lahore Division.

The trouble has spread to Fatehjung, Hassanabadal and Cambellpore, places about twenty miles from Rawalpindi, it is learnt in Lahore.

A Government spokesman described the conditions in Multan and Amritsar Districts as still disturbed but reported the situation in the rest of the Province generally as easier.

In Murree, the Government spokesman said, widespread arson was pre-planned.

LAHORE RETURNING TO NORMAL

After a quiet night, Lahore witnessed the first busy morning during the present communal riots in the Province today when there were apparent traffic of the town returning to its normal activities Increased traffic on the roads gave an impetus to the pedestrians to move about with some confidence. The import of vegetables and milk from the rural areas to the Lahore markets further strengthened the belief of the public that the situation in the town had improved.

At ten o'clock in the morning office clerks in groups went to their offices and most of the Government and private offices have reopened from today, though attendance was thin.

All the post offices in Lahore opened today. Window delivery of all paid letters is being made at the Lahore General Post Office and door-to-door delivery will be resumed from the morning of March 12. All classes of telegrams are now being accepted at the Central Telegraph Office.

For the first time since the outbreak of the communal disturbances in Lahore no incident took place today. Enquiries made by the A. P. I. at the different hospitals in Lahore at 10-30 p.m. show that not a single case of stray assault was reported today.

Two students who were wounded in the Police firing on March 4, succumbed to their injuries in hospital today.

IN RAWALPINDI

Disturbances broke out yesterday in Saddar Bazar in Rawalpindi Cantonment, said a passenger who arrived in Lahore this evening.

Curfew has been imposed from 3-30 p.m. to 6 a.m.

So far 200 are reported to have been killed and 400 injured in the communal clashes in the Rawalpindi District according to unofficial estimates.

Thirty-seven dead bodies belonging to one community were disposed off during the last two days by the Municipal authorities.

LEAGUE LEADERS MEET GOVERNOR.

Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot, President of the Punjab Muslim League, Malik Firoz Khan Noon and Mian Mumtaz Daultana met the Punjab Governor to-day at 3-30 p.m.

It is understood that the Muslim League leaders explained to His Excellency that while they had made overtures to the Akali leaders for co-operation in the Peace Committee which was set up a few days ago and included the top-ranking leaders of all communities in the Punjab no response was made by the Sikhs to this gesture.

4 KILLED IN AMRITSAR FIRING.

AMRITSAR: An engagement between warring elements at Sharifpura, a suburb of Amritsar was averted by the military opening fire on a crowd of about 100 people this morning, four of whom were killed.

About fifty members of each of the two communities had taken up positions for a fight when the troops arrived on the scene and dispersed them. The police carried out a search for arms and discovered twenty spears.

The number of dead in the communal disturbances in Amritsar has reached 140, according to the figures recorded at the mortuary. Several bodies were recovered from drains today. The number of injured treated at the Civil Hospital and the Gururamdas Hospital is 275.

The day passed off without any incident in Amritsar. When the curfew was relaxed for four hours today, a large number of persons flocked to the ration depots.

SUSPENSION OF BOOKING OF TELEGRAMS TO LAHORE, AMRITSAR AND MULTAN

Booking of public telegrams for Lahore, Multan and Amritsar has been suspended as a temporary measure due to delivery difficulties in the disturbed areas.

TELEPHONE COMMUNICATION TO AND FROM LAHORE

According to a Gazette Notification issued by the Punjab Government on March 5, 1947, all telephone communication to and from Lahore has been suspended until further orders.

DELHI BAN ON PROCESSIONS

NEW DELHI, March 10 (API): The District Magistrate, Delhi has issued an order under Section 144 Cr. P.C. prohibiting all processions of ten or more persons in any public place within the urban area of Delhi Province and directing all persons to abstain from promoting or taking part in any such processions. The Order comes into force from today and will remain in force for one month.

KUMARAPPA TO BE MEMBER OF WORKING COMMITTEE

MADRAS, March 10 (API.) Mr. J. C. Kumarappa, who was invited to be a member of the Congress Working Committee in place of Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, has, it is learnt, accepted the invitation, subject to the approval of Mahatma Gandhi.

U. S. Still Making Atom Bombs

BOSTON, March 10 (UPA): The United States is still making atom bombs and will continue to do so until an agreement is reached on an effective plan for controlling atomic energy, John Hancock, General Manager of the United States delegation to the Atomic Energy Commission said today.

Hancock told the Boston Chamber of Commerce that with opposition to the plans for control still facing the United Nations "it is best to go ahead with the manufacture of as many bombs as the country can produce. It is a hard philosophy but it is safer than war itself. The fundamental instinct of man is self-preservation. While in no sense a complete guarantee of self-preservation reliance on national power at the present time is a nation's only final choice.

Royal Party Arrives In Kroonstad

SOUTH AFRICA, March 10 (Reuter): Two of twelve Mayors of outlying villages refused an invitation to meet King George today at Kroonstad when the Royal family continued their tour of the Union.

The townsfolk, a vast majority of whom are nationalist gave the Royal party a great reception as they drove through the town to take tea on the bank of the Vaal River.

One of the Mayors who was present had at first refused the invitation because there were no funds to pay for his expensive journey, but the Local Council which is almost entirely nationalist voted him a special grant.

P. R. SUBRAMANIAM FOR NEW YORK

KARACHI, March 10. (A.P.I.): Mr. P. R. Subramaniam, I.C.S., who has been appointed as the first Indian senior officer attached to U.N.O. Secretariat, arrived here to-day and will leave for New York by the first Pan-American Clipper service to-night. Mr. Subramaniam is charged with the task, along with other experts, to undertake a survey of the procedure and organisation of the United Nations Secretariat and devise ways and means to improve efficiency.

How Proposed Business Profits Tax Works Out

(For Individuals, Hindu undivided Families and Unregistered Firms)

(By V. G. MEHTA)

It is presumed that the whole income is Business Profits subjects to The Business Profits Tax.

Business Profits Rs.	Business Profits tax. Rs. a	Income-tax. Rs. a	Super-tax. Rs. a	Total amt to pay.	Per cent.	Amount payable last year.	Per cent.
1.01.000	250 0	27.484 6	24.593 12	52.328	51.52	48.563	48.06
1.10.000	2.500 0	29.593 12	28.125 0	60.219	54.73	54.750	49.77
1.25.000	6.250 0	33.109 6	34.453 2	73.812	59.04	66.000	52.80
1.50.000	12.500 0	38.968 12	46.093 12	97.563	65.03	84.750	56.50
1.75.000	18.750 0	44.828 2	58.007 13	1.21.586	69.05	1.05.063	60.00
2.00.000	25.000 0	50.687 8	70.312 8	1.46.000	73.00	1.25.375	62.69
2.25.000	31.250 0	56.546 14	82.617 1	1.70.413	75.73	1.47.250	65.44
2.50.000	37.500 0	62.406 4	94.921 14	1.94.828	77.92	1.69.125	67.65
2.75.000	43.750 0	68.265 10	1.07.226 9	2.19.242	79.73	1.91.781	69.79
3.00.000	50.000 0	74.125 0	1.19.531 4	2.43.656	81.22	2.14.438	71.50
3.25.000	56.250 0	79.984 6	1.31.835 15	2.68.070	82.46	2.37.093	73.11
3.50.000	62.500 0	85.843 12	1.44.140 10	2.92.484	83.57	2.59.750	74.21
3.75.000	68.750 0	91.703 2	1.56.445 5	3.16.898	84.51	2.83.188	75.52
4.00.000	75.000 0	97.562 8	1.68.750 0	3.41.312	85.33	3.06.625	76.65
4.25.000	81.250 0	1.03.421 14	1.81.054 11	3.65.726	86.05	3.30.063	77.66
4.50.000	87.500 0	1.09.281 4	1.93.359 6	3.90.140	86.69	3.53.500	78.55
4.75.000	93.750 0	1.15.140 10	2.05.664 1	4.14.555	87.27	3.76.938	79.35
5.00.000	1.00.000 0	1.21.000 0	2.17.968 12	4.38.969	87.80	4.00.375	80.07

N. B.—The amount to pay, constituting the 5th column, is for income year 1st April 1946 to 31st March 1947 or year ending December 1946.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

I saw my friend, D. G. Tendulkar the other day. It was the first time we had run into each other after exchanging words in the press on the propriety, or otherwise, of feeding babies in public.

Then Tendulkar said, "All this publicity is building up Tatas". I wonder what Tatas would have to say.

* * * *

Acting on my review of 'The Wild Flag' Thackers have managed to cable and get the publication rights of 'The Wild Flag' by E. B. White. I understand they are going to press immediately and should bring the book out within a few weeks. Properly handled, properly publicized and properly distributed, this book, in my opinion, should sell in far larger quantities than the other Thackers' best seller, 'Verdict on India'. 'The Wild Flag' is a book to read and keep for a long time.

* * * *

Under the chairmanship of Sir Jamshedji Jeejeebhoy, we hope to see some sort of an enquiry into the running of H. H. The Maharajah of Gwalior's horse, Rajhans, which won last Saturday. Whether the stewards will be satisfied with the explanation or not, is their business, but there should at least be an enquiry. Since Sir Jamshed Jeejeebhoy has been made the Chairman of the Stewards' Committee, the public have a new confidence in this committee and they look forward to a new deal from the stewards.

* * * *

The average price realized at the Indian Bloodstock Sales on Sunday morning was Rs. 6,000 as opposed to Rs. 15,000 which was the average of last year. To-day, therefore, Indian bloodstock has fallen over 50 per cent which is a hard knock for the breeders. This was expected in view of the Government's attitude on the continuation of racing in Western India.

In view of these changed circumstances, breeders should get together and ask for yearling sales to be held from next year and it is for the Turf Club to accommodate breeders and start two-year-old racing in Western India. This would save the breeders one year's cost and would help them to tide over this difficult period. The question of the price of Indian bloodstock has got nothing to do with racing. It should be regarded as an industry which constitutes the wealth of the land. There are numbers of people in the north who live by it and a sectarian or provincial approach to this problem would be most unfair.

It is felt that while the breeders are still here, they should meet and discuss their future.

AMSTERDAM TO BATAVIA

K. L. M. Planes Will Land In India Despite Reported Ban

AMSTERDAM, March 10. (A.P.A.): Following a report from Batavia that a ban would be placed on K.L.M. (Royal Dutch Airline) planes landing on Indian territory, K.L.M. announced to-day that it would continue to operate its Amsterdam-Batavia service under the direction of the Netherlands Government Air Transport which holds a licence to land on Indian territory.

Jews Attack British Camp

One Soldier Killed And Six Wounded: "Illegal" Ship Crew Remanded

JERUSALEM, March 10. (Reuter): One British soldier was killed and six wounded when terrorists attacked a military camp near Hadera last night.

According to army sources, Brigadier Poole of the Third Brigade of the First Infantry Division, escaped unhurt today when his car was blown up by a road mine, three miles north of Tel Aviv. None of the others in the car were hurt.

"ILLEGAL" CREW DETAINED

Twenty men, including 18 Americans alleged to be the crew of the Jewish illegal immigrant ship "Abril" were remanded for 14 days at Haifa today on the charge of "aiding and abetting" the illegal entry of the ship's 600 Jewish passengers into Palestine.

Sheikh Abdullah Declared Elected

NEW DELHI, March 10 (API): Dwarkanath Kachru, General Secretary of the All-India States People's Conference, announces that "out of the names proposed for the presidentship of the All-India States People's Conference, the following have withdrawn their candidature:

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Dr. B. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, Acharya Narendra Deva and Jaiprakash Narain.

The only name that now remains is that of Sheikh Mohammad Abdullah and he is, therefore, declared elected as the President of the All-India States People's Conference. There will, therefore be no meeting of the members of the General Council on March 15 for the election of the President.

RESERVE BANK: Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 6-3-1947 were as under:—

Number of Cheques: 138189 Amount of Cheques: Rs. 45,81,43,408.

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The Company has already purchased the Mithapur Colliery in the Raniganj field, which has an area of 500 Bighas and contains (i) Sreepur Seam, (ii) Satgram Seam, (iii) Poniati Seam, the best in Bengal.

From the report of the Geolog. Survey Dept. and other mining experts, it is estimated that the Sreepur & Satgram Seams alone contain 3,253,000 tons of coal and that raising of 6,000—7,000 tons monthly is very likely as soon as the Colliery is properly equipped and run.

Raising of 50,000 tons annually at a profit of Rs. 3/- per ton is expected on a very modest & cautious calculation, whereby an annual profit of Rs. 1,50,000/- is safely assumed.

After meeting all necessary expenses, viz., depreciation, reserve fund etc. the Company expects to declare satisfactory dividends from the very first year of its working.

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Way Out Of Economic Impasse

Coalition Govt. For Britain Proposed

LONDON, March 9 (UPA): The "Sunday Times" to-day proposed the formation of a coalition government, including Winston Churchill, to revive Britain economically.

The suggestion, echoing the thoughts of a growing number of Britons, came on the eve of a three-day Commons debate on the country's economic crisis and the Government's plans to meet it.

The "Sunday Times", which classifies itself as politically independent but has consistently opposed the Government, conceded that both Premier Attlee and Churchill, the latter as leader of the Opposition, had previously denounced "hasty talk of a coalition." However, "the remedies felt to be too drastic then may be a sound prescription now", the paper said. "The nature of such a government, of course, implies the support of at least a large fraction of every party which, in turn, implies that its programme must be confined to the measures required by the emergency and capable of all party-approval."

As the first step, the "Times" said, the Labour Government should foreswear further nationalization measures to enable the Ministries and Parliament to devote their entire attention to the problems of administration and reconstruction.

APPOINTMENT OF U.S. AMBASSADOR TO INDIA

NEW YORK, March 9 (UPA): Henry F. Grady, former assistant secretary of State who has been considered the most likely for the post of the first United States ambassador to India, told the United Press of America: "President Truman has not approached me with regard to the ambassadorship to India." At the same time, Grady declined to say whether or not he would accept the position if nominated. Grady's denial that he is being considered for the ambassadorship seemed to indicate either that the appointment of an ambassador is not so imminent as generally supposed or that the highly qualified guesses that Grady is the most likely appointee are inaccurate.

For many months, high quarters have been saying that the appointment would be announced "in a few days", the latest being on General Marshall's assumption to the Secretary of State post. At that time, State Department sources said the naming of a United States ambassador to India would be delayed only until Marshall settled down in his new office. With Marshall now in Moscow for the Foreign Ministers' conference, it may be that a further delay can be expected.

The possibility remained that Truman would unexpectedly announce the appointment of some official whose name has not been mentioned for the post thus far.

Late Mr. J. A. Saldanha

The "Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of Mr. Jerome Anthony Saldanha, B.A., LL.B., at his residence at Mangalore on 8th inst. after a long illness, at the age of 79 years. The deceased retired in 1923 as an Additional Sessions Judge at Thana, after having served for over 30 years in the Bombay Judicial Service. During the period of his service, Mr. Saldanha took an active part in many matters relating to the Catholic community. On his retirement from Bombay, Mr. Saldanha settled down at his native place Mangalore, and soon after entered the political arena where he made his mark in the Legislative Council of Madras, being the first Indian Christian Nationalist to enter the Council.

EX-TRAVANCORE DEWAN DEAD

TRIVANDRUM, March 8, (API): Rajyasevadhurandhara Dewan Bahasur V. S. Subramania Aiyer, retired Dewan of Travancore, died at 12-30 p.m. today, at his residence in Trivandrum at the age of 67.

The late Dewan Bahadur Subrahmania Aiyer after a distinguished career rose to the position of leader of the bar. He was appointed Head Sircar Vakil in 1926, became Puisne Judge of the Travancore High Court in 1927 and was appointed Dewan of Travancore in June 1929. He retired in Feb. 1932 and was prominently connected with several social organisations. He was President for the last several years of the Kerala Hindu Mission which has been doing very useful work for the uplift of the Depressed Classes.

Dead Body In Well In High Court Compound

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mystery surrounds the death of a unknown young Hindu whose body was found floating in a well in the High Court compound on Sunday evening.

On receipt of the information the Police came and took charge of the body which was bruised on the face. The deceased who was well-built and white complexioned appeared to be about 35 years in age. He was wearing a 'dhotie', a brown coloured shirt and a black cap.

The body was sent to the Police surgeon for "post mortem".

B.E.S.T. Employees To Strike

The General Secretary writes:—

According to the decision of the Unions of the B. E. S. T. Workers and Scheduled Staff a Notice of Strike has been served on the company on the 6th inst.

The major demands relate to a 50 per cent increment in the Basic Salary and a 50 per cent share in the sum of Rs. 40 lacs which the company will receive from the Bombay Municipal Corporation as Good-will at the time of transfer of its undertakings.

If the demands are not conceded within 14 days, the workers and the members of the clerical staff will strike work on such date as may be fixed hereafter.

THREE CITY MILLS CLOSED

BOMBAY, Monday.

Following labour trouble three mills in the city remained closed to-day and three others were only partially working.

There was a stay-in-strike in the Shapurji Bharucha Mills, as the result of employees' demand for an increase in wages not being conceded.

The New Kaiser Mill also remained closed as the operatives refused to work on a double loom shift.

The Hirji Mills, the Seksaria Mills and the Kamala Mills were only partially working.

INDIAN FILM SHOWN IN PARIS

BOMBAY, March 10.

The French Consul in Bombay states that the first Indian film with English dialogue, "Court Dancer," was recently shown in Paris and was much appreciated by the French audience.

INSURANCE EMPLOYEES ASSOCIATION

Silam On Benefits Of Its Affiliation With A.-I.T.U.C. And Mazdur Sangh

The Second Annual General Meeting of the members of the Bombay Insurance Employees' Association was held at Jinnah Hall on Saturday evening when Mr. S. L. Silam presided.

The Chairman Mr. F. S. Darasha read out the Annual Report and informed the house about the various activities of the Association.

Mr. S. L. Silam in his Presidential address referred to the Association being affiliated to the parent bodies, the Hindustan Mazdoor Sangh and the All-India Trade Union Congress and informed the House that they can now depend on the help of these Institutions can give if and when needed.

Referring to the Industrial Relations Act, still on the anvil, he said that the Association has drafted certain amendments. These amendments are designed to bring the clerks within the purview of this Act and to compel the managements to agree to Arbitration if and when the employees demand it.

He congratulated the employees of the 'Empire of India' and the 'Bombay Life Offices who have been on strike, for the bold front and endurance they have hitherto displayed and condemned the subsequent attitude taken by these Managements after the dispute was referred to adjudication.

Mr. Vinod J. Dalal proposed a vote of thanks to the Chair and the members present.

The following Office-bearers were elected for the year 1947:

Chief Advisor, Mr. S. K. Patil, President, Mr. S. L. Silam, Chairman, Mr. F. S. Darasha, General Secretary, Mr. R. K. Hardikar, Jt. Secretaries, Mr. G. V. Jayakar, and Mr. V. P. Dandekar. Treasurer, Mr. Vinod J. Dalal.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION KHAR: Meeting of the Executive Committee of Shri Ramakrishna Mission Ashram will be held at the office of Messrs. Thakordas Daru Hemnay and Co., Solicitors, Alli Chambers, Medows Street, Fort, today (Tuesday) at 5-30 p.m. (S(T.)

Cypriots Asked To Fight British Domination

CYPRUS, March 10 (Reuter).—The Pan-Cyprian Federation of Labour has called on Cypriots to resist the proposed new Constitution for Cyprus. The federation, which held special meetings on the question yesterday termed the constitution as an "attempt by Britain to perpetuate the occupation of our fatherland by misleading Cypriots into the belief that it is ever possible to achieve economic and social welfare within the British empire."

In a communique issued after the meeting the Federation asked Cypriots to resist this attempt "by abstention combined with a militant demand for national reinstatement and mass mobilisation against foreign occupation."

The Federation also called for an all party meeting as soon as possible to plan an united course of action on the arrival of Governor designate, Lord Winster, who is stated to be delaying his departure from England until the Cyprus situation is clarified in the House of Commons.

2 UTKAL CONGRESS EXECUTIVES RESIGN

CUTTACK, March 9 (API).—The Utkal Provincial Congress Committee accepted today the resignation of Mrs. Malati Chowdhury and Mr. Surendra Nath Dwivedi, President and Secretary of the Committee respectively.

Mrs. Chowdhury, it is understood, in a long statement said that she did not like to be an office bearer in the P.C.C. and is also understood to have disapproved the existence of different groups in the Congress organisation.

Mr. Dwivedi, who belongs to the Socialist Party, tendered his resignation over three months ago but his resignation was accepted only today.

The Committee held a protracted discussion on the question of relationship between the Provincial Congress Committee and the Provincial Ministry. The P.C.C. also discussed the letter written by Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab to Mr. Surendra Nath Dwivedi on the issue of students' organisations and other allied matters.

POLICE OPEN FIRE ON VILLAGERS

CALCUTTA, March 9, (A. P. I.): At least seven persons were killed when the police opened fire to disperse a mob of villagers in connection with the Tebhags (two-third share) movement in Bermazur, 24-Parganas, on March 7, according to latest reports received by the Provincial Headquarters of the Communist Party of India. Earlier reports stated that two persons were killed and thirty injured.

It is stated that five of the injured are in a precarious condition.

Crisis Threat In Russia Denied

LONDON, March 9, (UPA): Radio Moscow in an English language broadcast tonight refuted a 'Sunday Observer' article last week reporting that the Soviet Union was heading for a crisis similar to that in Britain.

The broadcast said the "Observer" craftily distorted" the meanings of Soviet documents recently issued concerning Russia's economy by comparing them with the British White Paper and saying they contained "a sharp analysis of the situation but no concrete remedy".

Radio Moscow said, "These loud assertions by the "Observer" are barefaced lies, to put it mildly."

"INVINCIBLE" IN KARACHI

KARACHI, March 10 (API).—The clipper "Invincible" making the inaugural flight of the Pan American Airways landed at Karachi at 2 a.m. (I.S.T.) today at Karachi airport. The clipper carried 25 passengers.

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Try Degon's "EYE-CURE" (Regd.) guaranteed, specific for CATARACT and all other eye-troubles. No risk. Thousands cured without operation. Safe, sure, world-wide reputed and tested. Success guaranteed. Particulars free. Price Rs. 3. Postage As. 12.
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N.A.S. 0/9

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DIGESTIF RENNIES are sold in packets of 25 tablets, each wrapped separately to enable you to carry them in your pocket or purse.

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PAINT RAIDS ON BASTIS AND VILLAGES

aspirations. We have always believed that India has a mission to fulfil in

circle had attacked the rice procurement party which was working in

wonder what Tatas would have to

GOVT. BANS IMPORT OF BULLION

BOMBAY, March 10 (API).—Mr. H. D. Cayley, Exchange Controller, the Reserve Bank of India, today confirmed that the import of bullion has been prohibited by the Government of India.

Mr. Cayley told the Associated Press of India that it was not proposed to issue any statement on the policy of the Government of India in this respect.

AHMEDABAD TO GET DAILY SUPPLY OF 1,500 TINS OF OIL

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, March 10.—Prices of oil are sagging and now they are quoted at 24 Rs. per tin. Import of about 1,500 tins of oil daily is arranged. Today 1,200 tins of oil have arrived from Talod.

Booking from Godhra to Ahmedabad is opened.

Newsprint

IMPORT LICENSE NOT NECESSARY

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, March 10.—With effect from April 1 Government of India expect to place newsprint on open general licence for import purposes. From that date, newspapers or newsprint dealers will be able to import newsprint without import licence.

BOMBAY SHROFFS (BANKERS) ASSOCIATION, LTD.

Members of the Bombay Shroffs (Bankers) Association, Ltd., should close their hundi and other business on Tuesday, the 11th March, 1947, being Anti-Pakistan Day.

SHARP RISE IN GOLD AND SILVER PRICES

Active Professional Buying And Short Covering

COTTON MARKET RULES STEADY WITH MODERATE BUSINESS

Bombay, March 10

One member was declared defaulter, as he could not meet in full his liabilities in the settlement. The amount involved is said to be about Rs. 6 lakhs.

The market remained closed to-day and the general feeling was slightly better on hopes of some relief in the proposed taxation. The market believes that Business Profits will be counted on the basis of 5 to 7 1/2 per cent on capital and that the Tax may be lowered

The Governing Body of the Bombay Stock Exchange decided to keep the market closed this week. The situation will be again reviewed on the 15th instant.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, March 10

It is understood that the Government of India have suspended further licences for private imports of bullion. However there is no official announcement regarding future policy and the market is left to form any opinion.

The market opened easy to-day with unfounded rumours of duty and Fagan Silver was quoted at Rs. 162 while next settlement business was done at Rs. 153. Later on there was active buying and Fagan delivery improved at Rs. 164/4 while next settlement business was reported at Rs. 155/4. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 166/4.

Forward Gold was quiet to-day at Rs. 100/12 but later on firmed up at Rs. 103/12 on active buying. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 105/12.

Later on the market ruled steady with moderate buying. Fagan Silver was quoted at Rs. 164/8 and next settlement was placed at Rs. 156. Fagan Gold hardened at Rs. 105/4 and next settlement was quoted at Rs. 100. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 106.

Later on the market was very steady and quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	as.	p.
Silver Ready	167	0	0
Fagan Delivery	166	0	0
Next Settlement	157	8	0
Gold Ready	107	4	0
Fagan Delivery	107	0	0
Next Settlement	103	8	0
Sovereigns	70	0	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, March 10.

The cotton market was fairly steady under slightly improved buying. May contract was expected to open at Rs. 445 but the market opened steady at Rs. 445/8. At the start there was small selling which resulted in a decline of annas eight at Rs. 445. At this level there was steady buying and the market improved at Rs. 446/8.

To-day 850 bales were tendered against March contract. The market was steady and May was quoted at Rs. 446/12 while July business was done at Rs. 462 and September stood at Rs. 470.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. March	432	4	0
I.C.C. May	446	4	0
I.C.C. July	460	0	0
I.C.C. Sept.	469	6	0

Cotton Market Suspends Trading On Tuesday

The forward cotton market will remain closed on Tuesday, the 11th inst. as a mark of protest against recent happenings in the Punjab.

PRODUCE MARKET

Bombay, March 10

The Produce market was steady with moderate business passing. Groundnuts quality were quoted at Rs. 165 on Bazar terms and Bold were done at Rs. 160. Groundnut Oil Ready was quoted at Rs. 20/4 while one month delivery quotation was Rs. 17/8. Castorseeds May delivery opened at Rs. 123/14 and declined at Rs. 123/6. Later the market firmed up in active buying. Quotations were as under:—

GROUND-NUTS—			
Khandesh Ready Quality	33	0	0
Coromandal Ready	32	0	0
Bold	31	8	0
LINSEED—			
Ready	28	8	0
April May	26	4	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Navlakhi Ready	27	0	0
Goa Ready	27	0	0
Bombay Ready	27	4	0
May Delivery	125	0	0
GROUNDNUTS OIL—			
Bombay Mills	20	4	0
Linseed Oil	20	0	0
Castorseed Oil	18	0	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.
BOMBAY, March 8.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
March	430-1/2	430	430
May	447-1/2	446	4461-/4
July	460-3/4	460	460-3/8
Sept.	469-1/2	469	469-5/8
Karachi 4F May	47-12-9	47-11-9	47-12-9

MEXICAN BULLION MARKET QUIET.

MEXICO CITY, March 8. (U. P. A.): The Mexican Bullion Exchange remained quiet on Friday with a tendency to hold previous positions. Antiguos were quoted at 4.11; Nuevos at 4.10; Tejos at 4.09; Aztecas at 4.09; Hidalgos at 4.08 and silver at 4.13.

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton May Contract is 1703 cent points below New York May at Exchange rate 331.

CALICUT MARKET.

CALICUT, March 10.

Coiryarn Beypore Rs. 120, Quilandy Rs. 200/210, Fibre Garbled Rs. 175, ungarbled Rs. 165, Cocoanuts Raw Rs. 120, Dry Rs. 125, Cocoanut Oil Rs. 435, Copra Office Rs. 280, Dilpasand Rs. 295 Madrasnottom Rs. 320 Pepper Wynaad Rs. 520, Country Rs. 510, Dry Ginger Chernad Rs. 290, Ernad Rs. 265, Coffee Robusta Rs. 90, Timber Pali Rs. 60, Junglewood Rs. 35, Vellapine Rs. 55, Benteak Rs. 45 Teak Rs. 120 Mango Palanks Rs. 4/8 Teak Rs. 18, Rosewood Rs. 18.

BULLION EXCHANGE

Delivery Period Extended

BOMBAY, Moday.

The Board of Directors of the Bombay Bullion Exchange at a meeting held this evening have extended delivery period for a fortnight, that is, up to 5th of April and for this period maximum prices have been fixed as under:

SILVER: Fagan delivery	Rs.	163
Vishak delivery	Rs.	156
GOLD: Fagan	Rs.	106
Vishak	Rs.	103

In view of suspension of further license imports for bullion the market remained very steady.

CALUTTA EXCHANGE REMAINS CLOSED

CALCUTTA, March 10 (API.) Inquiries show that no decision has yet been taken as to when the Calcutta Stock Exchange is to reopen. It has been closed from March 3, following the publication of the Government of India's burget proposals. Mr. B. N. Chaturvedi, the President, is away at Delhi, where he had gone at the head of a delegation to represent the Stock Exchange's case in regard to the new budget proposals to the authorities. Traders, meanwhile, are awaiting the outcome of the deliberations of the Select Committees to which the new budget proposals have been referred.

End Of Government Export Control On Fabrics In U.S.A.

NEW YORK, March 8, (U. P. A.): A United Press review of the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market for the week ended today showed that the chief news of the week in cotton textiles came in the announcement that Government export controls on fabrics will end on March 15th.

Worth Street dealers drew the conclusion that the looming competition from exporters spelled new troubles for domestic buyers who for weeks had been unable to fully satisfy their requirements in light weight fabrics, With very little goods available before June and in view of the fact that many mills are booked well into the third quarter, some into the fourth quarer, domestic consumers practically abandoned hopes of a return of buyers into the market this year.

The far flung expansion of American textile exports brought predictions that exports could reach the annual figure of 2,000,000,000 yards in view of the worldwide shortage of fabrics. The figure possibly represented optimistic expectations as some quarters warned that a further sharp price rise would chill foreign buying interest and argued that foreign consumers, because of their financial conditions, will become more discriminating and careful with respect to price, quality and style.

In the domestic trade, millmen reported increasingly broad inquiry for gray goods from all classes of buyers. Converters noted an increasing shift in buyer sentiment. Sources which recently stoutly resisted price increases were growing increasingly uneasy over the fact that they had missed the market and attempted to fortify their inventory positions.

Activity in wool fabrics remained quiet. Rayon converters were prepared to establish a high scale of prices following the recent advances in the gray goods field.

Silver Market Becoming International

LONDON, March 8, (U. P. A.): The silver market, in the view of bullion circles, is slowly and painfully becoming international, breaking down, if only partially, the war-time watertight compartments in which it had been divided.

But, it still has a long way to go and the action of Indian authorities in withholding import licenses for the time being adds fresh complications.

Informed quarters are inclined to think that the withholding of licenses is only temporary as any attempt to block imports of silver over an extended period would stimulate smuggling across India's huge coastline and frontiers and presumably the authorities would be reluctant to do anything likely to encourage illegal traffic though excessive high prices which attend black-market operations of that type are not ineffective in "mopping up" buying power which would otherwise raise the price of goods.

Those Continentals, notably the Belgians, who had been permitted to utilize dollars by buying silver in New York, for re-sale to Bombay, end up by possessing sterling. That sterling has bost them or rather their national banks only three dollars per pound compared with the official rate of four dollars and the transaction thus appears attractive.

But the impression remains here that no continental central bank, confronted with a long list of post-war essentials needed from the United States, will willingly permit much of its dollars to be switched into sterling even at highly favourable rates.

The chief difference between today and the period between the two wars is that the central banks think in terms of goods rather than in terms of paper claims.

TRIBAL HOSTAGES RELEASED

Khan Sahib Explains Situation In Frontier

PESHAWAR, March 10 (U.P.I.): Dr. Khan Sahib, Premier of Frontier Province, has issued the following statement on the present communal situation in the province.

"The Provincial Government are glad to say that a very satisfactory settlement has now been reached with the border tribes. It has, therefore, been possible for His Excellency the Governor to release the hostages which were willingly given by the Tribes as a guarantee of their agreement to meet the demands made on them

"To deal with the situation in the interior of the Hazara District itself, it was necessary for the Governor to promulgate the special ordinance. The Provincial Government had at first thought of replacing it with a bill, but on further consideration they have come to the decision that it is unnecessary to continue the ordinance. They would have advised the Governor to withdraw the ordinance forthwith but for the unfortunate happenings in the Punjab which render it necessary to retain the ordinance for some time. When conditions permit the Ministry shall have no hesitation in advising the Governor to withdraw the ordinance.

"The Government have always been and remain conscious that every party should have full opportunity to express its views in a constitutional manner. But no democratically elected majority Government can tolerate unconstitutional agitations resulting in violence and all those who have defied law individually or collectively will be dealt with in accordance with law."

Concluding Dr. Khan Sahib said: "The public is fully aware that the action which the Government have taken against certain people has been forced on them. They, therefore, do not intend to keep any individual in prison any day more than is absolutely essential in the interest of the public, with the exception of those who are involved in acts of violence."

SIR ALLADI CRITICISES GOVT.'S NEW TAXATION

Hopes Constructive Proposals For Modification Will Be Accepted

MADRAS, March 9 (API): Sir Alladi Krishnaswamy Aiyar, presiding over a cultural meeting here last night, criticised the new taxation proposals of the Government of India and said he had no doubt that the present Interim Government would be willing to modify the proposals if constructive suggestions were offered.

In the abolition of the salt tax, Sir Alladi said the nation's satisfaction that the tax against which the greatest leader of the country fought had at last been done away with. But for this purely sentimental satisfaction, "the tax was not at all a bad one considering the fact that it imposed only a small burden on all people and the sacrifice made was more than counterbalanced by the relief granted.

Sir Alladi said that in the matter of corporation tax it had been made at a flat rate irrespective of the income which a company might make. The capital invested had not been taken into consideration.

Referring to the tax on business profits, he said that it differed from the E.P.T. whereas the E.P.T. took into account the capital employed and the previous standard profits in dealing with the taxability of profits, the present proposal had no relation to the capital of the company, whether estimated according to the original share value or the increased share value. The present scheme had not made any allowance for setting apart reserves. It had also not made distinctions between private and public companies. In regard to taxation of individuals, Sir Alladi observed that there was no provision for exemption of private charity, family obligations and allowance for children or married persons as in England.

Proceeding he said that the tax on capital gains was open to serious attacks. This was a new tax and had no counterpart anywhere else in the world except in America. With regard to this a distinction must be drawn, he said, between transactions which had resulted in a gain on account of a sale effected recently in respect of property purchased long ago, and gain made by reason of recent transactions. This tax was in substance a tax on sales, Sir Alladi concluded.

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KITCHEN STORES ..	CATALOGUE NO. C/US/TEN/26	do

The Catalogues are available from:—

1) DIRECTORATE OF UNITED STATES TRANSFERS 6, ESPLANADE EAST, CALCUTTA.
2) REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS. AT:—
CALCUTTA: Information Officer, 4, Esplanade East.
BOMBAY: Mercantile Chambers, Graham Road, Ballard Estate.
LAHORE: G.P.O. Square, The Mall.
CAWNPORE: 15|159, Civil Lines.
3) DY. REGIONAL COMMISSIONER (DISPOSALS) AT:—
KARACHI: Variawa Building, McLeon Road.
MADRAS:— United India Life Building, Esplanade.

Each Catalogue contains full instructions as to tendering and includes Tender forms.

LAST DATE for tendering in respect of the above catalogue is 10th April 1947.

WATCH FOR FURTHER ANNOUNCEMENTS BY DIRECTORATE OF UNITED STATES TRANSFERS, 6, ESPLANADE EAST, CALCUTTA.

All further particulars from:—
THE REGIONAL COMMISSIONER DISPOSALS, (SOUTHERN CIRCLE),
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DS/220

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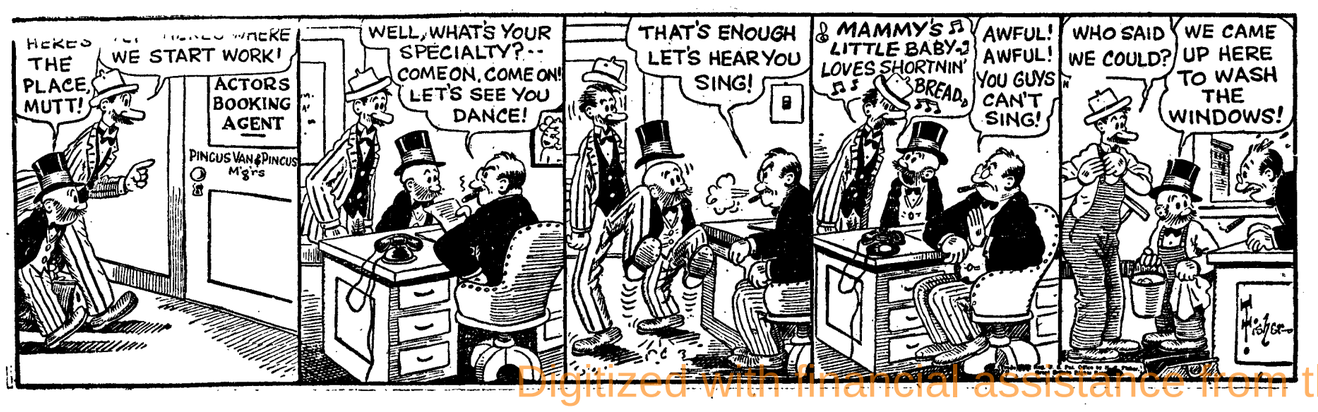
HERE'S THE PLACE, MUTT!
WE START WORK!
ACTORS BOOKING AGENT
PINCUS VAN & PINCUS M'grs
WELL, WHAT'S YOUR SPECIALTY?-- COME ON, COME ON! LET'S SEE YOU DANCE!
THAT'S ENOUGH LET'S HEAR YOU SING!
MAMMY'S LITTLE BABY LOVES SHORTNIN' BREAD,
AWFUL! AWFUL! YOU GUYS CAN'T SING!
WHO SAID WE COULD?
WE CAME UP HERE TO WASH THE WINDOWS!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted immediately experienced Steno-typist and Accountant, either sex. Pay according to qualifications. Please apply personally to J. P. Agrawal, Swadeshi Market first floor, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. (5181)

Wanted Immediately Expert Motor Mechanics also spray painters. Apply personally Daboo, Fourth floor, Ismail Building, 381, Hornby Road, Bombay. (5174)

Wanted by a Scheduled Bank with Head Office in Bombay an Accountant for their Ahmedabad Branch. Apply with full particulars of experience etc., and stating minimum salary required to Box No. 2465, "Bombay Chronicle".

Applications are invited for temporary posts of Assistants on salary of Rs. 150-200 p.m. (with provident fund benefits and usual allowances) in the Constitutional Affairs Secretariat, Chamber of Princes. Applications accompanied by copies of testimonials should reach the Director, 4 Council House, New Delhi by the 15th March. State Subjects and persons with previous experience of secretariat, administrative and constitutional work will be given preference. (2455)

Wanted Youths for Newspaper work with good command over English language. Pay Rs. 50 plus dearness allowance of Rs. 12-8 as. Those who have passed Matriculation examination need apply in their own handwriting to the Manager "The Bombay Chronicle". Interviews between noon and 1 p.m.

Employment seekers in all categories should contact, Employment Bureau (G.I.S.), Sargodha, N.W.R. (5159)

Applications are invited from experienced hands capable of teaching degree classes for the posts of:—a Professor of English, grade 200-25/2-450 and Lecturers in Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Mathematics, Economics, and Philosophy. Grade Rs. 150-15/2-250. Also Demonstrators and Laboratory Assistants for the Science Departments. Really efficient and experienced hands may be given a higher start. Apply stating age, qualification and experience with copies of testimonials before 18th March 1947 Care Box No. 2459, "Bombay Chronicle".

HOTELS (IN HILL STATION)

Ranikhet, U.P. 6000. Beautiful Views of eternal Himalayan range. NORTON'S HOTEL provides comfortable accommodation. English & Indian dishes. Phone & Taxi in the premises. Apply The Manager. (5116)

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Learn Magic for pleasure and profit Regular course taught scientifically in person or through post. Prof. Panday. The Indian Institute of Magical Entertainment East Mulund (G.I.P.). 1395

Prof. Panday, the Master-Magician in Bombay staying East-Mulund (G.I.P.) Engagements accepted. 1393

AGENTS WANTED

Agents wanted to secure orders for "Leinad" Graphite Crucibles. "Leinad" means durable foundry quality crucibles. Decent commission with T.A. Applications from Bombay, Punjab, Bihar, Orissa, U.P., C.P., Africa invited. Samples free to capable hands. Apply sharp Messrs. Samson & Daniel, Katpadi (M.S.M.) (5136)

Wanted Agents with influence and good connections for selling shares a newly floated concern with bright prospects. Apply with particulars for terms from Spray Freezer Co., Ltd., Mg. Agents, United Refrigerator Co., Ltd., 24|A Waterloo Street, Calcutta. (5165)

Wanted Agents to sell the remaining shares of Messrs. Aryan Paper Mills Ltd., Subscribed Capital of the Company exceeds Rs. 35,00,000. Necessary advance payment for machineries already made. Delivery expected very soon. For full particulars please write to the Head Office at 12, Chowringhee Square, Calcutta. 1682

Wanted Agents to sell the limited number of forfeited shares of Bengal Share Dealers' Syndicate Ltd., a regular dividend paying and biggest joint stock concern in India dealing in stocks and shares. Apply sharp to Managing Director at "Share Dealers' House". Calcutta. 1683

MACHINERY & TOOLS FOR SALE

For Sale: 9 Mobile Oxygen generating plants manufactured by Independent Engineering Co. of America. Each unit self-contained in mobile semi-trailer. The equipment includes a petrol or diesel power plant, 3-stage Nordberg Air Compressor 5,000 cu. ft. per hour, 3-stage oxygen Compressor 1,500 cu. ft. per hour, Modine cooling system, expansion engine, G. E. model dynamometer, distillation tower, 4 drying cylinders, oxygen charging manifold. Out-put capacity 15,500 cu. ft. per 24 hours at average purity of 99.5 per cent, filling capacity 70,220 cu. ft. cylinders per 24 hours. Equipment can be removed from trailer for permanent installation in factory. Can be inspected on request. For full details apply to Sales Dept., T.A. 270, Tata Aircraft Ltd., Tataghur Air Depot, 24 Parganas, Bengal. 2327

PUBLIC NOTICES

B.B. & C.I.RLY—TENDER

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11, invites tenders returnable on 24th March, 1947, for breaking scrap Brake Blocks of Electric stock and reclaiming Back Plates and Clips therefrom at Dohad Stores Depot.

Tender forms can be had from the Controller of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Jacob Circle, Bombay No. 11, or from the Assistant Supdt. of Stores, B.B. & C.I. Rly., Dohad, on payment of annas eight per copy, which amount will not be refunded. (2473)

G. I. P. RAILWAY—TENDERS

THE GENERAL MANAGER, hereby notifies that the closing date for Tenders for the supply of 22,000 Volts, 3 phase, 50 cycles, Switchgear for Wadi Bunder and Kurla Sub-Stations, has been extended from 10th March, 1947 to 12TH MAY, 1947, at 3 P.M. (S.T.). 2462

B.B. & C.I. RLY.

TENDER NOTICE NO. TLT|3.

TENDERS ARE INVITED on the prescribed form No. G. S. 203 for the purchasing of the following.

	Commodity	Quantity required in B.Mds. for: Dohad	Godhra
1	Groundnut oil	1000	500
2	Potatoes	500	100
3	Onions	500	100
4	Jagree	1000	500
5	Barley	1000	200
6	Masoor Whole	100	—

Tenders closing on 17-3-47 at 12-00 Hrs. in the office of the ASSTT. CONTROLLER OF GRAINSHOPS, DOHAD.

Tender forms and terms can be had from the office of the Asstt. Controller, Grainshop Department, Freelandgunj Dohad, on application.

ASSTT. CONTROLLER,
Grainshops, Dohad.
(2472)

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the undermentioned Examinations will commence on the following dates instead of on dates previously announced in this office. Notification No. 17823, dated the 15th July, 1946:—

B.A. & B.Sc.	..	9-4-1947
M.B.B.S.	..	18-4-1947
LL.B.	..	21-4-1947
M.A. & M.Sc. (Maths.)	..	24-4-1947
M.Sc. (by Papers)	..	6-5-1947
M.D., M.S., D.P.H.		
D.O., D.Hy.	..	8-5-1947
D.A., D.V.D.	..	10-5-1947
D.Ped., B.D.S.	....	10-5-1947
D.L.O., T.D.D.	..	10-5-1947
Dip. Lib.	..	13-5-1947

The other Examinations will commence on Scheduled dates.

By Order,
S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 10th March, 1947. (2476)

G. I. P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER, Grainshops, G. I. P. Railway, Bombay V. T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form up to 3 P.M. on 17-3-47 for the supply of Pure Milk to the Railway Grainshops at Thana, Dombivli, Kalyan, Neral and Karjat with effect from 1-4-47. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above Office. 2349

BUSINESS OFFERS

Can offer for early shipment from America on our Import Licence Faille (Cotton) Crepe and Synthetic Silk Ninon. Agreeable delivery Bombay after seeing goods. Samples available. American Men's Hosiery, Beautiful Ladies Plastic Buttons, Ladies Plastic Handbags, Cheap Cameras, Films expected shortly. Can book orders on samples. Famous Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Mechanical Toys, English Magic Pads. Available at Bargain Prices. Ex Stock Crescent Trading Corporation, Ltd., Buona Casa, Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay. (5173)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLLETS

Rupees Twenty-five thousand's Insurance Policy for an investment of Rupees five hundred. For Natural Death Rupees Twenty-five thousand. Accidental Death Rupees Fifty thousand. Loans will be given for Sickness, Education, Marriages, Business, for Buying or Building House. Wanted Ladies and Gentlemen everywhere to work in spare time. Daily income Rupees Hundred! Before insuring of every kind in any Company of the world, please obtain expert advice from us. Apply immediately Bhogilal Hiralal Shah and Company, Post Box Number—713, Bombay. 1. Telegraphic Address:—"Bhogilalco", Bombay. (5006)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale—Pencils black lead, samples and prices from Hindustan Pencils Limited, 428, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. (5047)

Carpet and Rug Weavers Co., Mirzapur, U.P. Finest designs Rs. 17/- yard, embossed 20/-. 5103

Alluring Sarees, 9, 6 and 5 yards, durable and fashionable sarees in various fast colours and modern designs at moderate prices. Khadi in different width also available. Orders executed. The Asia Textiles, Bhiwandi. (5178)

PUBLIC NOTICES

"MILK"

GOVERNMENT MILK DISTRIBUTION SCHEME

SALE OF MILK CARDS FOR APRIL SUPPLY

INFORMATION FOR INTENDING PURCHASERS

1. MILK DISTRIBUTION CENTRES.

BOMBAY CITY

The centres at which milk will be supplied in April in BOMBAY CITY will, with the exception of 7 morning and 7 evening centres only, which will NOT be operated in April (having through the very small number of cards registered at them, proved too uneconomical in March) be the SAME AS THE MILK CENTRES OPERATING IN THE CURRENT MONTH OF MARCH. Lists of all the centres will be available for reference at all Government Grain Shops at which cards are sold. The 7 morning and 7 evening centres which, in Bombay City, will NOT operate in April are set out in (i) of foot-note hereto.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT

The number of Milk Centres in the Bombay Suburban District also has had to be reduced considerably for the same reason as in the City. Suburban centres that WILL operate in April (28 morning and 27 evening) are set out in (ii) of foot-note hereto.

2. SALE OF CARDS.

Milk cards will be sold at 206 out of the total of 232 Government Grain Shops in Bombay City, the Municipal Areas of the Bombay Suburban District, and Chembur. That is to say, cards will be sold at all Government Grain Shops in those areas, EXCEPT the Grain Shops enumerated in (iii) of foot-note hereto.

3. PERIOD AND TIME OF SALE OF MILK CARDS.

Sale of cards at the Government Grain Shops will commence from the morning of Wednesday, 12th March 1947, and will continue over March 13th, 14th, 15th, 17th and 18th, that is up till the evening of Tuesday, 18th March, with Sunday, 16th March EXCLUDED.

The hours of sale on all the above days will be 8 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

4. APPLICATION FORMS NOT NECESSARY.

It is not necessary to fill in any application form. An intending purchaser has simply to go, or to send some one on his behalf, to any of the Government Grain Shops, other than the 26 specifically excepted, during the period and the hours stated, and purchase cards.

5. LIMIT OF PURCHASE.

No one purchaser will be able to purchase cards for more than a total quantity of three seers of milk in one day.

6. REGISTRATION OF CARDS.

After purchasing cards, purchasers will have to go to whichever Milk-Distribution Centre it may be from which they want to draw their milk morning and/or evening, IN ORDER TO GET THEIR CARDS REGISTERED at those centres. It is again emphasised that not only can the cards be purchased at any Grain Shop, except for those 26 Shops specifically excepted, but THEY CAN BE REGISTERED AT WHICHEVER MILK DISTRIBUTION CENTRE MORNING AND/OR EVENING, OPERATING IN APRIL, SUITS A PARTICULAR PURCHASER'S CONVENIENCE.

IN BOMBAY CITY ALL THE PRESENT CENTRES OPERATE EXCEPT THE 7 (M) and 7(E) SET OUT IN FOOT-NOTE (1). IN THE SUBURBS IT IS ONLY THE 28 (M) and 27 (E) CENTRES SET OUT IN FOOT-NOTE (2) THAT WILL OPERATE.

WARNING: It is absolutely necessary that cards should be taken by purchasers to be registered at the Milk-Distribution Centres from which they intend to obtain their milk. The entire arrangements for supply, depend on this due registration of cards, and it will not be possible to make supply against cards that have not been registered in time.

7. PERIOD AND TIME FOR REGISTRATION.

Cards can be taken to Milk Centres for registration on any day including Sunday, 16th March during the period Wednesday, 12th March, till Wednesday, 19th March, inclusive (i.e. period of registration extends for one day, viz. March 19th beyond the date for termination of actual sale of cards).

Cards can be registered only during the said period, Wednesday, 12th March, till Wednesday, 19th March inclusive, at the normal milk-distribution hours of Milk Centres, viz. from 6 a.m. till 8 a.m. for registration of cards at Morning Centres; and from 4 p.m. till 6 p.m., for registration of cards at Evening Centres. MORNING CARDS WILL BE REGISTERED AT MORNING CENTRES ONLY, AND EVENING CARDS WILL BE REGISTERED AT EVENING CENTRES ONLY.

8. SALE OF MILK AT PRIVATE CENTRES, BY AN AGENT NOMINATED BY CARDHOLDERS THEMSELVES.

The Milk Commissioner will give facilities by way of supply of milk under this Scheme to any group of cardholders living, for example in any one building, locality or group of chawls, etc. if the cardholders forming the group have purchased cards for an amount of milk totalling not less than 60 seers in the morning in Bombay City and not less than 40 seers in the morning in the areas concerned of the Bombay Suburban District. Milk will be supplied to such groups against evening cards also, but the criterion as to quantity, for acceptance of such group, is in relation to morning cards only. The milk, in such cases, will be delivered to any ONE PARTY who is nominated by the cardholders concerned, through a written consent which must be signed by all the cardholders AND BE LODGED WITH THE MILK COMMISSIONER NOT LATER THAN BY SATURDAY, 22ND MARCH. For purposes of scrutiny and record, the milk cards of the cardholders concerned must be presented, along with the written consent. The party thus nominated by a group will be paid Rs. 35 per month for doing the distribution work, ex-his premises and will be allowed a further sum of Rs. 20 per month for providing a salesman. The same allowance will be paid for evening distribution also, provided the evening milk concerned is 30 seers and above in Bombay City and 20 seers and above in the Bombay Suburban District.

This arrangement will give to any group of cardholders the facility of having a private centre of their own at or near the place at which they live and of having the work of distribution carried out by their own nominee. Such private centres will if necessary involve an addition to the total number of centres conducted directly by Government in the City and in the Suburban Areas in accordance with paragraph (1) of this advertisement; but in the event of circumstances permitting, in any instance, a private centre could take the place of any particular advertised Government centre.

NOTE:

(i) The following centres will NOT function from 1st April, 1947 in the City.

Morning Centre Number	Evening Centre Number	Location.
43 D	44 D	Bellasis Road. Marathi Boys' School. Lamington Road, 71, near Bombay Central Station.
1 E	2 E	Govt. Grain Shop No. 116, Hrishikesh Bhuvan Gell St.
7 E	8 E	Municipal Dispensary, Nardulla Tank, Souter St.
13 E	14 E	Byculla Station Road, Marathi Girls' School, Hains Road.
1 F	2 F	Govt. Grain Shop No. 56, Suryodaya Bldg., 9, Sion Rd., near Station.
27 F	28 F	St. Joseph English School, Antop Hill Road, Wadala.
29 G	30 G	Elphinstone Bridge, Marathi Boys' School, Suraj Bldg., Elphinstone Road.

(ii) The following centres only WILL function from 1st April, 1947 in the B.S.D. area.

(a) BANDRA—KHAR—SANTA CRUZ.

New Centre No. Morning	New Centre No. Evening	Location.
BN. 1	BN. 2	Municipal High School, Bazar Road, BANDRA.
BN. 3	BN. 4	Municipal School No. 32, Chapel Rd., BANDRA.
BN. 5	BN. 6	Municipal School No. 9, Waterfield Road, BANDRA.
BN. 7	BN. 8	Municipal School No. 16, Turner Road, BANDRA.
BN. 9	BN. 10	Dr. D'Monte Park, Parry Road, BANDRA.
BN. 11	BN. 12	Municipal School No. 5, 14th Road, KHAR.
BN. 13	BN. 14	Laxmi Nagar Pavilion, 10th Road, KHAR.
BN. 15	BN. 16	Municipal School No. 25, Ghodbunder Road, SANTA CRUZ.
BN. 17	BN. 18	Sheth Anandilal Podar School, Saraswati Road, SANTA CRUZ.
BN. 19	BN. 20	Municipal Vegetable Market, Station Road, SANTA CRUZ.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

(b) VILE PARLE—ANDHERI—JOGESHWARI.

New Centre No. Morning	New Centre No. Evening	Location.
PA. 1	PA. 2	Municipal Office, Nehru Road, VILE PARLE.
PA. 3	PA. 4	Municipal Market, Shradhanand Road, VILE PARLE.
PA. 5	PA. 6	Gokalibai High School, Dadabhai Road, VILE PARLE.
PA. 7	PA. 8	Rashtrashala School, Bajaj Road, VILE PARLE.
PA. 9	PA. 10	Municipal Office, Gazdar Hall, G. B. Road, ANDHERI.
PA. 11	PA. 12	Municipal Market, ANDHERI.
PA. 13	PA. 14	S.D.O. Office, Dadabhai Road, ANDHERI.
PA. 15	PA. 16	Basil Gome's Building, Amboli, ANDHERI.
PA. 17	PA. 18	K. G. S. Society, K. G. School, ANDHERI.
PA. 19	PA. 20	Scindia House, Kurla Road, ANDHERI.
		GHATKOPAR—KIROL.
GH. 1	GH. 2	Hindu Sabha Station Rd., GHATKOPAR.
GH. 3	GH. 4	Municipal Office, Jaokar Lane, GHATKOPAR.
GH. 5	GH. 6	Ranashi Khimji's Shop, Haveli Rd., GHATKOPAR.
GH. 7	GH. 8	Ratna Chintamani School, Kama Galli, GHATKOPAR.
		KURLA.
KU. 1	KU. 2	Kurla Municipal Office, KURLA.
KU. 3	KU. 4	Toll Bar, Balgrami Road, KURLA.
		CHEMBUR.
CH. 1	Nil	Laxmi Nivas, Sathe Parke, CHEMBUR.
Nil	CH. 2	Village Panchayat Office, CHEMBUR.
CH. 3	Nil	Mr. Mhatre's House, Chembur Village, Chembur.

(iii) Milk Cards will NOT be sold from the following 26 GOVERNMENT GRAIN SHOPS.

BOMBAY CITY

Ward	Govt. Grain Shop No.	Location.
A	1	Hasan Premji's Chawl, near Silence Zone, Colaba.
A	175	Plumber Bldg., Thomas St., Colaba.
B	63	No. 179, Dongri St., Dongri.
E	33	Irani Chawl, Tank Bunder, Ghurupdeo.
E	186	Bhagwan Bldg., Foras Road, opp. Byculla Post Office.
E	187	Rangwalla Bldg., Ripon Road, opp. Bradburry Mills.
E	221	No. 185/189, Muton Street, Bombay 3.
F	21	No. 53-53A, Parel Village Rd., Parel Village
F	121	Lady Jivanji Chawl, Parel, Tank Road.
F	196	Bora's Chawl, Parel Village Road, Parel.
G	119	Haji Adam Mussa Idenwalla Bldg., near Fish Market, DeLisle Road, North.
G	88	Chinchpokli Abdulla Wadi, Parel.

BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT.

Area	Govt. Grain Shop No.	Location.
Bandra-Juhu	26	Market Road, Bandra Bazar, Bandra.
Bandra-Juhu	161	No. 39, Ghodbunder Road, G Ward, Bandra.
Bandra-Juhu	208	Mr. Vaz's House, Chapel Rd., Bandra.
Bandra-Juhu	209	Mr. Kampali's Chawl, Chembai, Bandra.
Bandra-Juhu	210	Screwalla's House, Chuim Danda Road, Chium.
Bandra-Juhu	249	Bandra Bazar, Bandra.
Bandra-Juhu	250	Juhu.
		ANDHERI—VILE PARLE.
Andheri-Vile Parle	215	Near Market, Andheri Bazar, Andheri.
Andheri-Vile Parle	100	Hassanali Mansion, Versova Bazar, Versova Rd., Andheri.
Andheri-Vile Parle	205	Jaichawl, near Station, Vile Parle (West).
Andheri-Vile Parle		**KURLA.**
Kurla	200	Hanijabai Chawl, near Chunabatti Police Chowki, Kurla.
		GHATKOPAR.
Ghatkopar	211	Opposite Police Station, Ghatkopar
Ghatkopar	212	Haveli Road, Ghatkopar.
		CHEMBUR.
Chembur	218	Dwarkadas Bldg., Sion-Trombay Road, Devnar, P.O. Chembur.

8th March, 1947.

T. E. STREATFIELD,
Milk Commissioner.
(2460)

DEPARTMENT OF LABOUR
(DIRECTORATE GENERAL OF RESETTLEMENT & EMPLOYMENT

VOCATIONAL TRAINING SCHEME FOR EX-SERVICE WOMEN

MEMBERS of the Women's Auxiliary Corps (India) desiring training under the Labour Department scheme for the vocational training of ex-Service women, whether they have been released or not, should submit their applications on the prescribed form in duplicate, one copy to the Regional Director of Resettlement and Employment of the area in which training is desired and the other copy to the Deputy Directress of Training (Women), Directorate-General of Resettlement & Employment, Department of Labour, Gurdwara Road, New Delhi, so as to reach these authorities on or before the 31st March, 1947. Applications received after this date will not be considered. Application forms can be had from Platoon Commanders, Regional Employment Exchanges and the Deputy Directress of Training (Women). If they cannot be readily obtained applications may be made on plain paper. Further inquiries, if any, should be addressed to the Deputy Directress of Training (Women). (2442)

S. S. 'WARIALDA'.

FOR SALE as she lies in Bombay, Steel Screw Steamer WARIALDA for breaking up. Built 1918. Gross Tonnage 3135. Length 331'. Breadth 46'8" Depth 23'4". Immediate offers invited, inspection will be arranged on application to Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., Ballard Estate, Bombay. (2408)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD
(Division III).

NOTICE

MANUFACTURERS in India already established for the production of Food Items below and interested in meeting the requirements of the Defence Services after August, 1947, are requested to apply immediately to Chief Director of Purchase, Department of Food (Div. III), Jamnagar Estates, Mansingh Road, New Delhi, for particulars:—

1. Beans Canned.
2. Beef pres.
3. Mutton Pres.
4. M. & V. Rations.
5. Variety Meats.
6. Meat Extracts.
7. Luncheon Meat.
8. Chocolate Vit.
9. Salmon Tinned.
10. Galatine and Jelly Crystals.
11. Compound Vit. Tablets.
12. Milk Powder Skim.
13. Malted Milk.
14. Yeast Desicated.

(2447)

G.I.P. RLY.—TENDERS

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER (Grainshops) G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V.T., will receive tenders on the prescribed form upto 3 P.M. on 18-3-1947 for the supply of Dry Chillies to the Railway Godowns in the Bombay Province. Tender documents may be obtained free of charge from the above office. (2422)

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the Purchases of Waste (HARD and SOFT) from the India United Mills Ltd., No. 5 Mill and will be accepted upto 4 p.m. (S.T.) on Friday, the 14th March, 1947 in their Registered Office. Tender copies can be obtained from Cotton Department, E. D. Sassoon Building, Dougall Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay. 2439

TATA INSTITUTE OF FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH:

APPLICATIONS are invited before 22nd March, 1947, for the following posts sanctioned by the Council of Scientific and Industrial Research, tenable at the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research.

ONE post .. Rs. 500-50-800
FOUR posts .. Rs. 300-30-450
FIVE posts .. Rs. 200-20-300

No allowances are admissible.

The personnel selected will constitute a team of scientists to be trained to maintain and work with a high energy accelerator at the Tata Institute of Fundamental Research. High academic qualifications in physics or electrical engineering are essential, while research experience is also necessary for the first five posts. Two of these posts are reserved for theorists. The candidates, if selected for interview, will have to come to Bombay at their own expenses. There will be a probationary period of one year. Applications should be addressed to the Director, Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, 53 Pedder Road, Bombay 26. (2463)

NOTICE

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that the seat numbers of candidates appearing at the Bombay and Dadar centres at the ensuing Matriculation examination will be exhibited on the University Notice Boards on Thursday, the 13th March, 1947. The seat numbers of candidates appearing at the Dadar centre will also be exhibited at the Ramnarain Ruia College, Dadar, on the above date.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
Registrar.
Bombay, 10th March, 1947. (2478)

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA,
DEPARTMENT OF FOOD
(DIV. III)
Office of the Chief Director of Purchase.
TENDER NOTICE
No. E(F)|209.

THE CHIEF DIRECTOR of Purchase, Department of Food (Division III), Jamnagar House, New Delhi, invites tenders for the Stores detailed below:—

ARTICLE REQUIRED: New four gallon size tins (Kerosene Oil type) to be delivered at Agra &|or Bangalore. (Tinplate will be arranged by Govt.)

QUANTITY:—One lakh.

Tender No. E(F)|209.

Price of tender forms, etc., is Rs. 8|- (Rupees eight) per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or by Money Order only, to the Chief Director of Purchase, quoting the tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon. Applications for Tenders will be received upto 15th March, 1947.

Applicants not already on the Food Department's list of approved contractors, must state in their applications for tender forms the name of their bankers. (2471)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY
TENDER NOTICE
Special item costing over Rs. 10,000 Class I Contract.

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the following and will be received in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, on 8th April, 1947, at 12 o'clock noon.

Tender No. SP|F|EBI|LS-269 for the supply of 400 Nos. Spring Wagon Door Check to Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, Lillooah's Drawing No. LS-269

Tender forms and drawing can be obtained from the under-noted officials on payment of the following charges to the Treasurer, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta, and on production of his receipt when applying for the same.

(a) Tender Form at Rs. 2|- per copy from the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta.
(b) Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, Lillooah's Drawing No. LS-269 at annas -|8|- per copy from the Deputy Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah.

Firms outside Calcutta may however remit the cost of the tender form to the Controller of Stores, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta and that of the Drawings to Dy. Chief Mechanical Engineer, East Indian Railway, Lillooah, direct by money order. No refund is permissible after payment.

Sealed tenders delivered by hand should be presented for registration in the General Manager's Office, East Indian Railway, 105, Clive Street, Calcutta and then put into the Tender Box outside the Deputy General Manager's (Works) room by the Tenderer or his representative.

GENERAL MANAGER.
(2464)

(For Further Notices See Page 2)

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